GPB—15,000—22-7-14

G. R. S. 59]

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

1904-05
~~1901~~
(Madras)

File No. 50

(Sec I)

Serial Nos.

Papers Filed.

Month———————

SUBJECT.

Re endowments of the temples of Sri Parthasarathy Swamy temples at Triplicane Madras

Sri Pandurangaswamy temples at Ganjam

Someswara & Anj Sriangapatam

PREVIOUS REFERENCES.

LATER REFERENCES.

MUZRAI SECRETARIAT

OFFICE NOTE.

File No.

SUBJECT.

Re. endowments of the temples of Sri Pandurangaswami Sri Someswara & Sri Anjanegaswami at Ganjam. S. Patam Tk.

From

The Dy Commr., Mysore & Inam Superintt

Last ref'd No. 105 Dated 7th April 1905

Lands comprising the present Sy. Nos 472, 473 & 476, Wet, in the Kiranur Village, Srirangapatam Taluk, were formerly endowed as Inam to Anjaneya, Pandurangaa & Someswara temples in Ganjam, Srirangapatam Taluk.

2 During the Inam Settlement in 1879 these lands were resumed & fully assessed and declared Sircar, owing to the unauthorized & illegal enjoyment of the inam by the Pandurangaa temple and the non-performance of Puja in the Anjaneya & Someswara temples.

[SCPB—500—21.1.05

2.

J. Annasami Ramanujiengar of Seeranajpatam submitted petn to His Highness the Maharaja as well as to this Office complaining that the produce of the inam lands of the temples is not being given by the cultivator of the lands & praying that the land may be taken up by Govt for management. The petn sent to His Highness has been transmitted to this Office for disposal

4 A report having been called for, the D Commr of Mysore submits the records, and states that one Nanje Devaru who is enjoying the produce of the lands, has been paying the Kandayam but that he has not produced documentary evidence to show how he is in possession for the last 20 years. Mr K. Sreenivasa Rao, Asst Commr, reports after inspection

* Flag A
Letter no 255 dated 16th February 1905

Muzrai Secretariat. File No. of 190

that the Anjaneya temple is still in a decayed state, that the temples of Pandurangā & Someswara ~~were~~ are in good order, Puja being performed therein, & that during the Settlement, full assessment was levied on the lands. Vanje Devaru deposes that the lands were treated as Sirkar & full assessment levied during the Settlement & that he ~~took up the lands &~~ continued to pay the Kandayam thereon & that he is not willing to give up the lands to the temples. ~~We have also produced a copy of the Civil Court Judgment in appeal No. of 1892~~

Heard & C.V.

Submitted
W 6/5/05

5. The Karta of the lands continues in the name of the temples - After the lands were resumed during the Inam Settlement in 1880 they do not seem

Muzrai Secretariat. | File No. of 190

to have been taken up by Raiya Devaru or his ancestors under Sanketast Rules - Prior to the resumption he happened to be the cultivator and on the strength of that he happens to have continued in the enjoyment of the lands. He produces no documentary evidence to show how the ancestor ~~to~~ possession Also In these circumstances may the Dy Comr's opinion be asked as to ~~why~~ what course he suggests ~~to~~ in which to resumption to be in good order may not happen?

Submd
hs
13/5/05

Yes. Please put up a draft
GL 18/5/05

Draft submd
15/5/05
GL

P. μ. 8A]

Muzrai Secretariat.	File No. of 190

Note continued :—

6. In reply to the enquiry made as ordered ~~on the~~ on page 4 of this note, the Dy Comm^r. reports that the lands which are now fully assessed may be resumed to Govt. from the present cultivators that after being declared as Inams may be granted afresh for cultivation to the best advantage of the temples.

His letter No. 232 31st Oct. 1905 under disposal.

Flag. V.

Submitted with a draft in which the whole question is discussed.

9.11.05

18/1/06

Khanda Sami Row 4/3/06

Subd to the Dewan through the 2nd Cr

194 5.3.06.

7. Draft may be approved. 6/3/06

11402 7.3.06

7/3/06

Draft appd by the Dewan 12/3/06

File No.	of 190	Muzrai Secretariat.

MGCPB—2,500—1-8-05.

Muz. 8A]

Muzrai Secretariat. File No. of 190

Note continued.

8. The approved draft which gives a detailed history of the case was issued under Govt Pro: No. 3952, dated 15th March 1906 It was therein directed that the lands in question should be resumed from the cultivator Nanje Devaru and restored as Inam to the 3 temples of Pandwranga, Someswara and Anjaneya. The Deputy Commissioner was requested to fix a reasonable gutta on the lands and give the lease to Nanje Devaru in case he agreed to pay the same. To enable Govt to fix regular scales of expenditure for the Pandwranga and Someswara temples, the Deputy Commissioner was further requested to report what the reasonable gutta would be, and to credit one-third of the gutta thus realized in favor of the

Flag T.

GPB--3,000--22-6 06

Sri Anjaneya temple in view to accumulate sufficient funds for the repairs thereof. Enquiry was also made of the Deputy Commissioner why the cultivator Nanje Devaru should not be called upon to give to the temples 30 candies of paddy minus the assessment on the lands, as patta Due from him from the year 1880-81.

Q. Nanje Devaru, represented by ~~Advocate~~ Mr. Subba Rao, has presented a petition to the Dewan Saheb, praying for a re-consideration of the orders passed as above, on the following grounds:

(1) that he is a Kadim tenant and that the decision of Govt in the Muzrai Department is summary and has deprived him of his right to prefer appeals and second appeals, and is therefore illegal;

(2) that the orders have been passed ex parte

Muz 84]

Muzrai Secretariat. File No. of 190

(3) that the lands having been fully assessed during the Inam and Survey Settlements, the petitioner's case ought to have been decided by the Revenue Department under the Revenue Rules;

(4) that he has established his claim to the lands in question, more than once, in the Civil Courts, ~~cancel~~ at great expense; and

(5) that the idols, to which the Inam has been now granted, are not in existence and the temple buildings are in a ruinous condition and that therefore the original object of the grant is not fulfilled by the orders now passed granting the lands in question as Inam.

10. In conclusion, the petitioner prays that even in case the patta is to be fixed on the lands, opportunity should be given to him to prefer appeals and second appeals against the orders passed by the local Officers in this matter.

GPB—3,000—22-6-06

9

File No. of 190 Muzrai Secretariat.

---

11 With reference to the petition, the Dewan Saheb has been pleased to call for the submission of the records.

Submitted

Ds 10/11/06

In his subsequent Petn Regd. No 2879, the Pleader for the Petr represents that the Asstt Comm. of French Rocks has issued orders directing the Petr to give up possession of the lands and to pay also Rs 3010 being the value of 610 Khandies of paddy calculated at 5 Khandies for the year - 6 years. He prays that pending disposal of his review Petn, the orders of Govt of the 15th March 1906, may be stayed.

(Mr N Subbarao of Sreeranapatam + 2 Cog. W.

Submitted.

P. T. O.

Mysore Secretary's remarks :—

3932 of 15.3.1906 copy put up
Flag T.

The reasons for the issue of the Government orders passed in the present case are already on record in the previous parts of this Note.

The Dewan has called for the papers on the Review Petition, and it will take some time to answer the arguments put forward in the Petition. Meanwhile, the execution of the Govt. order may, as prayed for by the Petitioner, be held in abeyance, on the pet. furnishing security to the extent of the value of the crop now on the lands.

270.
Submitted to the 2nd Commissioner

T. Ananda Rao
20.12.906.

1st Execution of the orders of 15th March 906 may be stayed pending the disposal of the Review. On Pet. furnishing security to the extent of the crop now on the lands

When the case is ready for submission, I should like to hear the Petitioner

Pleaders before recording my views

VVN
20/12/06

Order accepted VVN
20/12/06

Note continued :—

15 Orders, as directed above, were issued to the Dy Commr to stay the execution of the Govt order of the 15th March 06, pending the disposal of the Review Petn of Nanje Devaru. Nanje was also informed accordingly.

in office docket v. 3257 dy 22-12-06

Flag. P.

16 Meanwhile, a further report was received Dy Commr in which he stated Nanje devaru might be called upon to give an annual patta of 30 khandis of paddy since the year 1880-81 minus the actual assessment paid by him. One Manjeya Gowda appears to come forward to take up the lands for 5 years at an annual patta of 30 khandies, but the Dy Commr

v 250 dy 21st Dec 06

Flag. O.

reports that as the person is not solvent his Darkhast does not deserve consideration. And, as Nanjedevaru is not prepared to give up possession of the lands, pay the arrears & continue to be lessee on the enhanced Patta, the D/Comm: recommends that the Patta of the lands might be sold by auction annually

~~No orders can be passed on the above pending the disposal of the~~ Review Petn is pending disposal

Submitted
D/
13/3/07

Please post this
to Tuesday the 26th instant.
Please give notice to
Nanje Devaru and his
Pleader C.V. Subba Rao
Also to Annaswami Ramamurthy

14/3/07

Muz 8A]

Muzrai Secretariat. File No. of 190

Note continued :—

Present :—

Nanje Devaru ~~Ayy~~ Arunasami Ramanujaiengar

18. The parties were heard by me today. Nanje Devaru was represented by Pleader Mr Subba Rao. Arunasami Ramanujaiengar produced no documents and said that neither he nor the Pujaru of the Someswaraswami temple had any documents with them and that one Dhondoo Rao (since deceased) had the documents relating to the case with him. 19 Mr Subba Rao, Pleader gave a history of the case and read a copy of the original Sanad issued by H.H. the Rajah

GPB—3,000—22-6 06

File No. of 190 Muzrai Secretariat.

Maharaja Krishnaraja Wadiyar Bahadur III granting the lands in question to the temples built by Venkatadasa (also since deceased).

Mr Pleader also read copies of certain depositions and judgments &c.

I have asked him to produce copies of the documents upon which his client relied together with a memo explaining the facts in further detail.

Bangalore
26th March 1907

B. Rice
2nd Commissioner

Seen after my return from tour.
Await production of the papers called for.
21/4/07

Muz. 8A]

Muzrai Secretariat.	File No. of 190

Resubmitted

Chairman's P. R. No.

has not yet produced any documents or a memo, as required by the 2nd Commissioner. It seems necessary to ask him in writing to submit them within a time to be specified.

2/5
16/5/07

Yes. Say that they should be produced on or before the 30th June 1907.

16/5/07

2/5.

2/5/07

Dft submitted.

Note contd:—

21 Mr. N. Subbarao has submitted the required documents and also a long memo.

GPB—3,000—22-6-06

He states (1) that there are no records beyond the conflicting statements of Ramanujiengar & show that as observed by Govt the temples of Someswara, Pandurunga & Anjaneya built & consecrated by Venkatadoss, are in Sanjam, that Ramanujiengar pointed out the Devarus in the temple built by Udaya Bharati - an ascetic - in Gooty Fort, as the 3 devars in question & the Muzrai Localor, and not Srinivasa Rao, Asst Commr during the joint inspection as is evidenced by the latter Officer's Report; (2) that from the report of the Manegar of Kurnool on the petition of Ramanujiengar it is clear that in Fasli

three Devarus are, at n. t- all existing; (3) that U. Daya Bharati - a Gosayi - built a big temple near the Ghat in Sanjam & obtained land inams which are now under Govt. management & that according to the statements of Lakshmi Bharati the manager of the inams and the G. Power of Attorney in his favour, the Devarus are Kasi Viswanatha, Surya Narayana, Anjaneya, Vandri Nathaswami &c, and that neither in this temple nor at any place adjoining it are the temples of Someswara, Pandurangaa & Anjaneya in question. (3) that Udaya Bharati - a Gosayi who has been allowed Venkatadoss

a Swerathi to consecrate any idol in the former's temple; (4) that Ramanujiengar himself deposed during the enquiry that Someswara & Pandusanga in Seringapatam; (5) that during the Inam Settlement it was stated in Col: 15 of the Inam Extract, as Sanjam Pandusangh, Anjanega & Seeranagapatam Someswara, that all these temples are in ruins & the Devarus have disappeared; (6) that before the Settlement the inam lands were in the Patta of Venkata Das as Manager & that after they were fully assessed the Patta ought to have been made in the name of the Dev: (Naya Devaru) according to the Rules, but during

Muz. 8A]

Muzrai Secretariat. File No. of 190

to failure in this behalf has given rise to such unfortunate result; (7) that Ramaraja Aiyar was not a Pujari of any of the Devarams in question is evidenced by the statements of persons given in Court.

22. Mr. Subbarao says that for the past 70 years the lands are in possession & enjoyment of the Petr. & his father & that therefore the Petr. is a Khadim tenant & that it was not proper for Govt. to have passed orders without the Petr. being enquired. He also states that the Petr. has been in adverse possession of the lands ever since assessment was imposed on them & that

GPB—3,000—22-6-06

18

50

he has continued paying the assessment for the last 20 years, & that therefore any claim is barred by limitation. He adds that it is unjust to now confirm the lands as inam to temples which are not at all in existence, to the detriment of income to Govt.

50-0

to the 2nd Councillor who heard the case.

10/6/07

I shall be glad if the Mūzrai Secretary will record his opinion on the facts now brought to notice.

12/6/07

Send to me later on
12/6/07

Serial No.

21 The matter was reserved for personal inspection. On the 4th May last, the temples of Panduranga, Someswara and Anjaneya Swamy said to have been built by the late Venkata Dass were inspected by the Under-Secretary and the statements of the contending parties Viz Ranje Dewan and Annasami Ramanujengar were also taken. The Inam Superintendent was written to to submit the original records relating to the resumed Inam lands of the temples, but that officer reports that the only record on the subject viz (a copy of) the Inam register, was forwarded in April 1905 and points out that it is highly inconvenient to send the original Inam Register, as the book contains about 20 cases of other Inams of Kirangur Village. Two petitions addressed to the Dewan Saheb under date 15th May and 18th June 1909 by Annasami Ramanuja Iyengar have been received in this office. On the latter, the Dewan has recorded the following order:-

"What causes the delay? Vide a petition on same subject"

Submitted for orders

no. 2019 dt 29.5.09

no. 97 dt 9-6-09

Note.—Contn. sheet

12/6/09

GPB—50,000—13-5 08

12/6/09

G. R. S. 12]
General and Revenue
Secretariat.

File No. of 190

Serial No.

Murai under Secretary's note:-

Slip A

9th This is an application for the review of Govt. order no 3932 A dated 15th March 1906. The petitioner wants that that order should be set-aside or if necessary that the case should be remanded for further enquiry.

Slip B

The grounds urged are as follows:-

1. That the order was passed without hearing the present petr. Narige Gowda Devaru.
2. That Ramanujeengar at whose instance the final order was passed is in no way connected with any of the temples.
3. That a formal enquiry under the Land Revenue Code had to be held in this case.
4. The temples have no idols and are not frequented by devotees.
5. The renewal of the inam is uncalled for and only causes loss of Kandayam to Govt.
6. The present order confirms

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—50,000—13.5.08

Serial No.

the inam lands for the benefit of temples not referred to in the Notice; and as the inspection was made in the petitioner's absence and the order was passed ex parte he could not point out the fraud committed by Ramanujengar.

6. The question of limitation has not been considered.

26 The case involves questions of law and fact. For settlement of the question of fact, local inspection was necessary, and was also asked for by the Reader for the Petitioner. Hence there has been delay in submitting the file for orders.

27 From the documents produced by the petitioner, it is clear that the lands in dispute formed the subject-matter of protracted civil litigation. This fact does not appear to have been taken into consideration when the first order was passed for there is no allusion therein to the civil litigation.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—50,000—13-5 08

G. R. S. 12]
General and Revenue
Secretariat.

File No. of 190

Serial No.

28. The history of this civil litigation is briefly given in the following extract from the opening portion of the Judgment in C.S. No 1937 of 1893-4 before the Munsiff of Seringapatam, the Defendant in that Case being the present Petr:-

"The facts which gave rise to this suit are briefly these.-

29 In 1824, the late Maharaja Krishnaraja Wodeyar granted the suit lands to one Poona Venkatadass, as inam for the upkeep of certain temples, which the latter had erected at Sangam and Paschimavahini in the Seringapatam Taluk. (See exhibit-A).

Poona.

30 On the death of Poona Venkatadass which took place many years ago, the said temples soon disappeared, but the inam lands were in possession & enjoyment of his heirs and ultimately in possession of a widow by name Poola Boyi.

In 1869, the 7th Plaintiff's mother Parvatha Boyi sued Poolaboyi, her paternal grandmother for possession of property left by her father Krishnadass & obtained a decree for possession of

x Slip C (page 6)

GPB—50,000—13-5 08

Serial No.

the suit lands, among others in O.S. no 3 of 1869 on the file of the Court of the Assistant Commr (see Exh: O). She was put in possession of the suit lands through Court in 1876 (see Exh: B).

31 Defendants' mother Poolamma who had rented the lands from Poolaboyi failed to pay rents, and consequently the Plaintiffs' mother Parvatheboyi sued her for arrears of rent and obtained a decree in O.S. no 89 of 1877 on the file of the Prl. Assistt, Mysore Dt. (see Exh: S).

32 In 1879-80 when the Inam Settlement took place, the Govt. cancelled the inam and assessed the lands fully because the object of the inam had failed. This cancellation did not however, divest Parvatheboyi of her right to remain in possession of the property subject of course to payment of the assessment.

33 In 1891, both the 1st Plaintiff and his mother Parvatheboyi sued Poolamma again for arrears of rents & succeeded in obtaining a decree in Second Appeal no 42 of 1893 on the file of the Chief Court. The present defendant was also a party

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—50.000—18-5-08

Serial No.

to that suit, but he was held not personally liable to the claim, because of want of privity of contract between him & Plaintiffs (see Exh N).

3(c) Both Parvathebayi & Poothamma having since died and the defendant having not only failed to pay rents but denied Plaintiffs' title, this suit is brought for ejectment & mesne profits." x x x

5. The Munsiff decreed the suit. The District Judge upheld this decision. The Chief Court remanded the case as the District Judge had not given an opportunity to argue the Appellants' (the present petitioners') advocate. After remand the same Dt. Judge Mr. Vinnakotta reversed the Munsiff's decision and dismissed the suit in Sept. 1900. The civil litigation ended here; and there was no appeal to the Chief Court.

Slip D

Slip E.

Slip 7.

7. In November 1903 one Annasami Ramanujengar presented a petn. to Govt. in this matter; and

Contn. sheet

GPB—50 000—18-5-08

Serial No.

after correspondence with the Dt Comm.r the order now sought to be reviewed was passed. This seems to be the first petn to the Executive Govt. When Shik examined by me at Sreerangapatam on 7th May 1909, Ramanujiengar referred to some proceedings of 1892 which however could not be traced. From a document (Shik G) produced × Shik G. by the Petr Nanje Devagam there are reasons to believe that the Taluk Amildar held an enquiry in 1895; but no such records have been forwarded.

37 The chief points to be considered in this case appear to be the following:—

1. For the maintenance of what temples was the inam land granted.
2. Why was the inam tenure cancelled.
3. What is the effect of such cancellation.
4. Are all the temples or any one of them now in existence and if so, is the inam to be renewed.

38 As regards the first point, 3 copies × of Nirups have been produced. Of these

i

ntn. sheet.

GPB—50.000—18-5-08

G. R. S. 12]
General and Revenue Secretariat.

File No. of 190

Serial No.

H and H, are Kanarese & Mahratti versions of one Nirup. H is an authenticated copy of the Nirup produced before the Civil Court. This refers to the Anjaneya temple being in the Sanjam Pathram but does not specify where the temples of Pandurangā & Someswara were. H2 purports to be issued in favour of Venkatadass. It is said to be a copy of a copy & was produced on 20-1-909 though a reference thereto has been made earlier in Ramanujiengar's petition dated 26. 4. 1907. In this the situation of the Pandurangā & Someswara temples has been accurately described.

37 To see if the genuineness of these documents could be established by any papers in the Vernacular Record a reference was made to that Branch. It is found that none of these Nirups finds a place in the Shara Amal; but there are entries in certain accounts which prove the grant of the inam

40 Col: 15 of the Inam Register shows that the Anjaneya and Pandurangā temples were in Sanjam and the Someswara temple in Seerangapatam; Col: 14 however,

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—50.000—18-5-08

Serial No.

goes to prove that all the temples must have been in Paschimavati ii. I shall take up this point later on & consider the oral evidence also.

4. It is admitted by all parties that the Anjaneya temple was at the Inam Settlement, and even now is, in a state of disrepair. The Inam Assistants' recommendation is given below.

1. A valid grant which is not in the enjoyment of the temples noted in the account. No Sanad is produced and the tenure of the grant was vitiated by the enjoyment of other temples. The Anjaneya temple was cleaned after my arrival here and Puje resumed. I am doubtful whether any Puje is rendered to Someswara. The enjoyment of Pandarangha at Sanjam is unauthorized and illegal.
2. To be resumed fully, assessed and declared circar.

His recommendation was accepted and the Inam tenure was cancelled and the lands were fully assessed at about Rs 104 and odds according

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—50.000—18-5-08

Serial No.

to the old Beriz of 36 Varahas. At the Survey Settlement, the assessment was fixed at Rs 60 only.

Ramanujiengar's contention is that the inam tenure was cancelled because the Anjaneya temple was in disrepair and that no enquiry was held as regards the other temples though they were in existence and puja was performed. It is not clear why a complaint should not have been preferred at once.

(3) Coming now to the third point I have to refer to the views of the several Civil Courts before which this matter went up. The Chief Court when the case of 1891 went up in appeal have said as follows:-

up L J

"The Dt. Judge has erred in construing the mere cancellation of the Inam grant in 1880 as a resumption of the lands by Govt. It is true that the lands were originally granted as an endowment for the upkeep of certain temples. The Trustees (the ancestors of Plaintiffs) having failed

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—50,000—18-5-08

Serial No.

to carry out the object of grant, the favourable tenure on which the lands were granted was cancelled by the Inam Dept & the lands were fully assessed and registered in the names of the defunct temples; but the grantees & their successors were not deprived of the proprietary right they possessed in the lands nor did the Govt take possession of or resume the lands and hand over the same to defendants. The original grantees & their successors continued to be the land-lords as they were before the Inam settlement and the original cultivators & their successors continued to be the Gutta tenants as heretofore. The Govt simply imposed full assessment converting the Inam & into a Kandayam paying land. This is all the change that was introduced by the Inam department in 1880 which in no way affected the relative position of the landlord and tenant."

44 This decision does not appear

GPB—50.000—18-5-08

Serial No.

Q. say whether the lands became the absolute property of the grantees or were held by them only as trustees of the institutions. The Munsiff and the District Judge however who heard the subsequent suit of 1893-4 are of opinion on the authority of this decision that the lands became the absolute property of the original grantees' heirs.

A. 5 The Munsiff says :—

Vide C.

"With reference to the 18th of these objections it will be observed that so long as the temples, for the upkeep of which the inam had been granted, were in existence, Poona Venkatesh and his representatives had only a right of management in respect of the inam lands. But when the temples ceased to exist, & the Govt. consequently Cancelled the inam and assessed the lands fully, the right of full ownership was conferred on the manager & his representatives. That this was the effect of the Cancellation

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—50.000—18-5-08

Serial No.

of the inam and the assessment of the lands, is clear from the Inam Rules as well as the judgment of the Chief Court (marked N).

46 The District Judge upholds this finding of the Munsiff though he reverses the judgment on other grounds.

Sch 7

47 He says "but the crucial point in this case is whether on the cessation of the trust consequent upon the resumption of the inam by Govt. in the year 1880, the 1st Plaintiff's mother who up to that time was trustee of the temples became the proprietress of the suit-lands or whether she lost all right over them". He then quotes the above extracts from the judgments of the Munsiff and the Chief Court & continues "now in the face of these emphatic observations by the Chief Court, I am asked by the defendants' advocate to hold that under the Sannad by which the suit-lands were granted as inam for the support of certain temples, neither Venkatadass who obtained the inam for the temples

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—50.000—13-5-08

Serial No.

nor those who subsequently managed the worship in the temples, had any proprietory interest in the lands in question and that they were not the landlords thereof. It is contended for the defendant that the Chief Court made these observations under a misapprehension of the nature of the grant evidenced by the Sanad (Exhibit A), but I find it difficult to ac to this contention, as the Sanad was before the Chief Court as Exhibit I in that Suit (O.S. No 1315 of 1891) and as it is inappropriate on my part to say that the Chief Court placed a wrong construction upon it. I must therefore hold that the Plaintiff's mother Parvathi Bayi became owner of the Suit lands when they were fully assessed and converted into Kandayam paying lands at the Inam Settlement although the lands were registered in the names of the temples and not in her name."

48 I do not mean to question the correctness of this conclusion, but it seems to me that it is based upon

GPB—50.000—18-5-08

Serial No.

an incorrect premise - viz, that the temples were not in existence at the Inam Settlement. Perhaps the temple of Pandurunga referred to in the Nirup was not in existence at then. From the language used by the
I infer that the other two must have existed though one was in
and it was doubtful whether Puja was being performed in the other.
It must also be remembered as noted by the Chief Court and the District Judge that the lands were registered in the name of the temples and that admittedly the Datta even now is in their name. For these reasons it has been held in para 3 of the order sought to be reviewed that the lands even after the cancellation of the inam tenure continued to be the temple property; and, as is done in scores of cases in which temples which were in a state of disrepair at the Inam Settlement had have subsequently been
the inam has been renewed as on inspection it was found that the

GPB—50.000—18-5-08

Serial No.

temples were in good order and Puja was being performed.

It is now for the Second Councillor and the Dewan to say which view they accept. If the view of the Civil Court is accepted there can be no room for Govt. interference and the order sought to be reviewed must be set aside. If on the other hand the view expressed in the Govt. order is approved, the interference of Govt. can be justified.

50 Before proceeding to the next point I have to say that the District Judge's second judgment which is the final judgment in the matter has to be examined closely. The Judge at first without allowing the appellants (present petitioners) advocate to argue gave room for a remand. Then he decided the appeal ex parte as the respondents did not appear. He was of opinion that the respondent was not an heir of the original trustee and that the appellant had adverse possession for over 12 years. So, he

GPB—50.000—18-5-08

Serial
No.

reversed the Munsiff's decision.

The finding as regards adverse possession appears questionable. The Chief Court in the 1st case have plainly said thus :—

52 " The second defendant's allegation that he was in exclusive possession and enjoyment of the land independently of his mother the 1st defendant can only be believed."

His independant and adverse possession could only have commenced after his mother's death which must have occurred when the appeal was pending in the Chief Court in 1893. The second suit was filed soon after this. It is not clear how the defendant in that case (the present pet:) could have had adverse possession for over 12 years. It seems to me that the case was a fit one to be taken to the Chief Court. On account of some inconvenience the Respondent did not contest the appeal and did not go to the Chief Court. In these circumstances, I

GPB—50.000—18-5-08

Serial
No.

Submit that the Executive Govt might consider the correctness or otherwise of the Dt Judge's findings

5. It will be observed that as regards the third point, I have confined myself to the question of law without considering the question of fact - viz, whether or not the temples are now in actual existence. I shall now proceed to discuss the latter question.

6. It is as already stated admitted on all hands that the Anjaneya temple built by Venkatadassi is the one in Kura which even now is in ruins. As regards the Pandusanga and Someswara temples, Ramanujiengar in his statement before me admitted that he pointed out to Mr Anantasami Rao and other temples in Sodayi Ghaut. To me he pointed out temples on the right bank of the Cauvery near the Memorial Bathing Ghaut and said that these and not those pointed out to Mr Anantasami Rao were the

x Slip K

NOTE—Contn. sheet

GPB—50.000—18-5-08

Serial No.

real temples. In support of this he relies on #2 to which reference has already been made at page 27 of this Note. #2 does not appear to be a genuine document. I do not think it is usual to recite in Virups the names of the Pujaries of temples. Such recital in this document makes it suspicious.

25 In 1874 one Gopee Deviah obtained a decree against Parvatboyi and attached the lands in dispute while Dhondurao, Sreekantiah and Komaraiah appeared as claimants on behalf of the ~~temples~~ idols they worshipped, Ramanujengar does not appear to have urged any claim. The statements of these go to prove that neither Ramanujengar nor his ancestors could have performed Puja in any of these temples. The accounts sent by the Vernacular Records refer to Linga raiah and Venkatiah as Pujaries. A reference in #2 to Hindu Jantry 5 Hyderabad Year 1824 Vinnaramengar as one of the Archakas

T & U

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—50.000—13-5-08

Serial No.

Dhondo Rao and Narain Bhatta's evidence
makes me believe that this document
is not genuine. The Vernacular
Record Keeper also, it must be noted,
doubts the genuineness of this document.

16 It is necessary to consider
in detail what claimant Dhondrao
and others say about the temples.
In the Miscellaneous Case in connection
with Gore Devi's attachment of
the Canda in 1874, Gokuldoss has
said :— X.

Sup L.

"The temples referred to are in
existence. These three are under the
charge (ವಿಚಾರಣೆ) of Komaraiah,
Dhondurao and Srikantiah and
they perform puja." × × ×
"Komaraiah worships in the Vishneswara
temple at Paschimavahini. Dhondurao
in Anjaneya temple and Sreekantiah
in the Someswara temple which is
in Srirangapatana near the channel×
Sreekantiah and Komaraiah are
hereditary archaks. I do not
know what idols had been consecrated×
in these temples formerly".

Komaraiah has said :— "I perform X.

Sup M

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—50 000—18-5-08

Serial No.

Puja in the Vishneswara Temple. Since the days of my grandfather we have been performing this Puja. For this Puja we get paddy from lands in Kriangan. The produce is divided among 3 temples. Dhondurao worships in Anjaneya temple, Seecandiah in the Eswara temple and I in the Sandanaya temple. Vishneswara is not known by any other name."

*sub N

Dhondurao* has said:— "I have been worshipping Sanjam Anjaneya since 20 years. × ×. There are idols in the Vishneswara, Someswara and Anjaneya temples."

*sub O

Seecandiah* has said thus:— "I worship Someswara in Seringapatam. We have been doing this since my grandfather's days. As the temple is dilapidated, I have kept the idol in my house and I have been performing Puja there. The temple is under repair now × × The three temples are Vishneswara, Sandanaya & Eswara Dhondurao worships in Anj

GPB—50 000—18-5-08

Serial No.

temple and Komeraik in Vishweswara temple. Now there is the idol of Pandurangа in Pandurangа temple, of Anjaneya in Anjaneya temple and a Vishweswara in Vishweswara temple × There is no Sanad appointing my ancestors, that is, I do not know if there is a Sanad. There might be one in my house. I shall search and produce it if found. I have not searched till now × × I have not seen any Sanad appointing me or my ancestors".

57 Inspite of this statement Narasimha Bhatta who I believe is Seecambhat's nephew has produced #2 in January 1909. I do not see why it should not have been produced in 1874 when asked for.

The Sambhogne* has said thus "There is an entry in my accounts that inam lands with a Beriz of 3/6 Varahas had been granted to temples

Skip P.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—50.000—13-5-08

Serial No.

built by Kuttadoss in Paschimavahini Sanjam and other places. I have not seen those temples"*

57 The accounts received from the Komandan Records refer to the three temples as being in Paschimavahini. When examined in the first suit of 1891, Dhondurao* in 1892 has stated thus:— "Sreecumbiah was worshipping Someswara & Komariah was worshipping Vinayaka ×× Puja was stopped after the lands were assessed ×× I, Komariah and Sreecumbiah are Pujaries. Sreecumbiah died 100 or 15 years ago. I do not remember who worshipped before him; nor do I know who has been worshipping since his death. I do not know where the Vinayaka idol is. Anjaneya is in Sanjam. I do not know how many years ago Komariah stopped Puja. ×× I do not remember if Sare Deviah got the lands attached.

Stp Q

60 In the same suit, Gokula Doss* has said:— "The lands were granted

Stp R

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—50.000—13-5-08

G. R. S. 12]
General and Revenue Secretariat.

File No. of 190

Serial No.

as inam for the benefit of Pandurangaa Anjaneya and Someswara temples. xx. Before the lands were assessed, I was giving the produce to the worshippers, Dhondu rao, Komaraiah and Seecantiah xx After they were assessed, I was not giving anything to the temples xx. The Pandurangaa temple is in Sozayi Ghat. I have not seen the idol in this temple. The Eswara temple is on the bank of the river. There is no idol in it. The Pujari took it away after the land was assessed. The Anjaneya temple is in Sangam. Puja was stopped after the lands were assessed xx Sare Deviah did not get the lands attached."

G. 61 When examined by the Amildar on 30-9-1895 Venkatadass has stated thus:- "I know the lands granted as inam for Sozayi Ghat-Pandurangadeva, for Kura Anjaneya and for Someswara in the Battinee Ghaut xx. Worship is not conducted in

GPB—50.000—18-5-08

Serial No.

they are in disrepair. Dhondurao who is now in Jail was worshipping Anjaneya. In the place of Pandurangaa Sanjam Komariah was worshipping Ganapati in Paschimavahini. Sasanis on behalf of Udayabharati were worshipping Pandurangaa. This was our private arrangement. Seecantiah was worshipping Someswara."

When the Patel of Kura was asked to report about the temples, he reported in August 1904 that the Anjaneya temple was in disrepair, that the Pandurangaa temple was in good shape but that no Puja was being performed and that it was not known where the Someswara temple was.

sup S

6. From the statements and documents referred to above, it may be gathered that the Pandurangaa temple referred to in the Nirup was given up and in its place, the Ganapati temple at Paschimavahini

GPB—50.000—18-5-08

Serial No.

was being maintained. There can thus be no doubt that the Sandurangā temple pointed out to me by that notorious busybody Annasami Ramanujier on the 7th May 1909 has no manner of connection with these lands. The Godavi ghat Sandurangā temple if any can have no claim as at the Inam Settlement, its possession was declared to be unauthorized. The Anjanēya temple is admittedly in ruins. There is also no satisfactory evidence about the Somēswara temple.

(4) It can safely be said that the temples referred to in the Nirups are not in existence now and that Puja is not being performed. This opinion is not inconsistent with the statement that, judging from the language used by the Inam Assistant, the temples of Anjanēya & Somēswara must have been in existence then.

(5) There are many Anjanēya and Eswara temples at Sreerangapatana There is no necessity for more It is

GPB—50.000—18-5-08

Serial No.

therefore not necessary to rebuild the temple of Sujaneya a Someswara. On the whole, I would recommend that the first order be cancelled that the lands be re-assessed and that Sebitsiren Nanjedevaru be left in undisturbed possession thereof the Patta also being made out in his name.

611

Submitted to Dewan two Second Commissioners

Ambhanoja
24-6-1909

999)

The order of Government dated 15 March 1906 seems to me to be ultra altogether ultra vires on the face of it. When the inam was declared forfeited at the Survey Settlement, and the lands were ordered to be registered in the name of the temples on full assessment, the temples were no longer Muzrayi institutions, as they had no inams in their enjoyment. The question of proprietorship was one between the temple and the persons

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—50.000—13-5-08

Serial No.

actual possession of the lands. If the Temples or anyone on behalf of the temples wished to recover possession, they should file a suit in a Civil Court, and the ordinary rule of 12 years' limitation would be applicable to such suits. I cannot understand under what rule of law, Govt could pass an ex parte order in the Revenue Dept^t ~~as~~ to ~~dispose~~ oust the person in actual possession, and hand over the lands to ~~the~~ anybody on behalf of the temples.

67 Without entering into further details, I would ~~dismiss~~ allow this review and cancel the former order, and leave the parties to settle the disputes by ~~to~~ recourse to the Civil Courts.

Dewan

6/7/09.

Submitted by Dewan

6-7-1 Asstt. Manager

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

1536
4.7.08
GPB—50.000—18-5-08

Serial No.

(The case being an important one, which has already received an order of Government, I would circulate the file to the Council with a view to its being submitted in due course for His Highness' orders.

6 2. The Muzrai Department does not cease to possess an interest in the temples simply because the Inam tenure of their land endowments were forfeited. It is the duty of Government to see that all religious institutions are properly managed. Vide Proceedings No.1719-27-Muzrai dated 24th February 1903.

7 3. I do not understand the Inam Settlement order to signify an absolute and permanent forfeiture of the endowment. I rather take it as meaning a temporary forfeiture of the tenure with a liability to restoration when the temples are put into proper order and worship therein revived. So much so that the local authorities of the day would have been justified in collecting the rents, accumulating them and devoting the amount thus accumulated to the restoration of the temples and the eventual restoration of the Inams for their support.

7 4. In other words, although the dilapidation of the temples in question and the absence of worship therein may affect the endowment as an endowment, yet, they cannot affect the tenure on which the cultivating ryot holds the land. This tenure is always that of a tenant and the

NOTE—Contn sheet.

GPh—50 000—17-3-07

Serial No.

Government order of 15th March 1906 has only emphasised this.

5. Circulate to the First Councillor.

GPB—60 000—17-3-07

Serial No.

188
14 11 09

The Marquis Dupleix and Under Secretary has made personal enquiries at Devinarpatnam, Gangam and Paschimamadhuri and his deliberate finding is that the Temples for which the Mans was originally granted do not now exist I see no good grounds to dispute the correctness of this finding -

The Mans tenure was cancelled at the Mans settlement and the lands were fully assessed to the Land Revenue. In other words the Mans ceased to exist. The question of the proprietorship of the lands then entered on a new phase. The full proprietory rights of the successors in title of the original grantees were affirmed in Chief Courts decision of Nov 1893 (Justices Shumboochetty & Krishnamurthy) They were in possession formerly as mere trus

NOTE—Contn sheet

GPB—50,000—27 4.09

but with the altered tenure
certain new rights came
into existence in their
favor. There were no
temples and there was
no seva to be performed
Hence the lands became
the private property of
the persons who succeeded
the original grantee
Government is not
concerned with the civil
litigation between them
and their tenants, the
review petitioner. This is a
matter for the adjudication
of civil courts So far
as Government is concerned
the decision made ab'
the Inam settlement should
be respected without any
reservation No temporary
forfeiture was meant
and the authorities would
have been justified even
when the land was devastated
in collecting the rents

GPB—50,000—27.4.09

Serial No.

accumulating them & devoting the amount thus accumulated to the restoration of the "Temples". After the forfeiture of the Inam, the possession of the lands did not revert to Government but remained with the last holders

No Temples are in existence and I fear that Government cannot step in and assume summary jurisdiction in a matter bristling with legal difficulties

The opinions of the Inam Supdt and Government Advocate might be useful in arriving at a Conclusion

4 Nov 09 Mr Rutherfurd
Jt Commr

Inam Rec. D. No. 10 of 17.11.09 and its files forwarded in officing this Inam Supt's for opinion

N.O. No. 6/1909-10

16/11/1909

NOTE—Contn. sheet

GPB—55,000—27-4-09

G. R. S. 12]
General and Revenue Secretariat.

File No. of 190

Serial No.

9R-0.90.6
1909-10

7. The inam, in question was resumed, fully assessed and declared Sircar at the Inam Settlement in 1880 as the grant was not in the enjoyment of the temples of Gunjam Anjaneya and Panduranga, and Someswara in Seringapatam. The effect of this resumption was that the inam tenure ceased to exist, land revenue being increased by the amount of assessment fixed on the land. When the land was declared Sircar, it became Khata land of the late Inamdar and if in the name of the temples, it was as Khata lands of the temple and not as inam lands.

Resumption at the Inam Settlement meant absolute and permanent forfeiture of the tenure. It is for Government in its exercise of Sovereign power to restore it, if it pleased, in any particular case.

In the present instance, on the petition of one Annaswami Ramanuja iyengar, Government cancelled the resumption and restored the inam to the temples in Pro. No. 3932 A & B dt 15-3-1907

NOTE—Contn sheet

GPB—10,000—27-4-09

Serial
No.

in an exparte order It is this order that is appealed against and I fully agree in the opinions of the Muzrey Superintendent and the Commissioner holding that the order appealed ugainst may be revised, the parties being to settle their disputes in proper Civil Courts.

L. Ramachandra Rao.

Superintendent of In Settlements in Mysore

Bangalore
29th Nov 1909

VIII 3.1.10

3 Muzr: No. A. No: 11 & 2-12-09 and
forwarded unofficially to Govt
for opinion

A. Subbarayan
V.C.Govt

A.O.27.

The petitioner, in his application for review, mainly complains that Government by their order of 15th March 1906 directed the restoration of the In which had been resumed at the Inam enquiry in 1879 and had been classed as fully assessed land, on the false and exparte representation of certain ------ interested persons who were unsuccessful in their attempt to dispossess him through the Civil Courts, and that in consequence of this order, the right .

Note.—Contn sheet.

which

Serial No.

which he had acquired by long adverse possession and which had been upheld by a judicial adjudication, has been interfered with.

2. The Muzarai Under Secretary has, on a consideration of the evidence adduced in the case and on personal inspection of the several places and buildings pointed out by the contending parties, arrived at the conclusion that the temple and the idols for whose benifit the Inam was originally granted are not now in existence and that Mr. Ananthaswamy Rao was given a false and misleading information when he went there for local inspection.

3. If this finding be correct, the order directing restoration of the Inam deserves to be revised as based on a mistake of fact. But if the Government be not disposed to revoke the order of restoration already made, the legal consequences of the said order will have to be considered.

4. The Government were at liberty to restore the Inam, as they did in March 1906, and to direct that the income thereof shall be utilised for rebuilding the temples in question and conducting worship therein. But this re-grant or restoration of the Inam w be effectual only in respect of the rights reserved by Government at the original resumption thereof in 1879. In other words — the restoration will confer on the grantee (temple) the right to receive annu from

GPB—55,000—27-4-09

from the person in possession of the land, the -- survey assessment which he was paying to Government but will not and cannot annul the rights which such person may have acquired thereto, by adverse possession, or otherwise, in the interval between the --- original resumption in 1879 and the re-grant in --- 1906. The second judgment of the District Judge in A.S. No.2 of 1894-95 declares that the petitioner is not a tenant under the managers of the temple, but has acquired an independant proprietory right by adverse possession. This decision, whether correct or not, has become final, as no appeal was filed -- against it; and it seems to me that it cannot be -- set aside or rendered nugatory by an executive order.

5. It follows from what has been said above that that protion of the order of March 1906 which directs the petitioner to pay anything more than the survey Assessment is illegal and inoperative and must, therefor, be cancelled. This course is, in my opinion, perfectly legal and satisfactory to all parties - concerned, and will at the same time, give effect to the decision of the Civil Court in accordance with the well established policy of Government.

6. 12. 09.

T. Narayana Rao
Govt Advocate.

GPB—55,000—27.4.09

Serial No. 54.

11 Resubmitted to Dewan with the opinions of the First Councillor, Inam Superintendent and Government Advocate.

- - - - - - - - -

There are two questions for consideration in this case.

The First is - Are the temples in existence or not?

The second is - If in existence or if restoration is necessary, what relief can be granted?

As regards the first, I have submitted that there are no temples, that their restoration is also not necessary and that therefore Government are not called upon to grant any relief. If this is accepted orders may be passed accordingly.

If it is held that the temples are in existence or that it is necessary to restore them, the form of relief has to be considered.

Relief can be granted in two ways:- (1) By restoring the Inam tenure or (2) by sanctioning a cash grant equal in amount to the assessment levied on the land.

The form of relief depends upon the circumstances of each case. The former course is adopted where the lands after resumption continue in the possession of the Institutions or where the parties in - - - possession of the lands are willing to make them o

GPB—55,000—27-4-09

Serial No.

to the Institutions. The latter which is referred to by the Government Advocate is adopted, where it is found inequitable to oust the party in possession.

There are many cases in which these reliefs have been granted and if necessary a few files will be submitted for reference.

I shall not say what relief can be granted in this case as it is my humble opinion that no case for relief has been made out.

Advocate

3454
8-12-09
51 Mercer J. 15 March 1906 was based on the supposition that the Temples were then in existence (vide para thereof) - This now turns out to be incorrect (vide p 38 of these Notes where marked with blue pencil & where the incident is accounted for)

Note Shaw often asked that paras may be numbered for facility of reference

&c. All that Civil Secy said in support of the P.O. of 15 March 1906 has been stated in my note of 6 August at page 49 of these notes - But the position is entirely shaken by the arguments contained in the 1st Commrs letter dated 19 Nov (see page 57 of these notes) and the Govt Advocates opinion of 6th Decr (vide page 55 of these notes) Please draft a P.O. embodying these arguments

NOTE—Contn sheet.

GPB—35,000—27.4.09

G. P. S. 127
General and Revenue
Secretariat.

File No. of 190

Serial
No.

Serial No.

Arrangements to ~~Estates~~, Cunedda
The [illegible] of 15 March 1906 & restoring
the status quo ante — This
will require W.H.'s sanction —

[illegible]

Marx & Appadoo
for draft. Note as to
of Secretariat working
hours.
4/1/1910

Draft submitted to Secretariat through Legal Concordium.

As the working out of the Patta in the present case will put an end to further representations I have inserted a sentence to that effect in the draft.

Now that lands are to be re-assessed it is a question where the assessment should not be used for their charitable purposes. I have referred to this matter in file No. 276-09 submitted today.

I am sorry for the delay in the submission of the draft. 343

2723
1 2 10

31/1/1910

It seems to me that the draft order goes a little too far. Why should Patta be altered? If the Pattr has a right to it, let him

NOTE—Contn sheet.

GPB—55,000—27-4-09

Serial No.

apply to the D.C. under the Rev rules. I am also of opinion that it should be recognised that the course adopted in paragraphs 4 & 5 of the previous order was erroneous, and that the order should be reversed, so as to serve as a ruling for future guidance.

2. In cases of Charitable institutions (which are not "muzrai" and do not fall under the Inam rules), the Govt cannot interfere on the executive side at all. If necessary, a suit properly framed should be filed in a Civil Court.

1/2/10

4/1/10 343

Remembrilled

The portion relating to the Inam has been omitted and a revised draft submitted in view of the Legal Remembrilled. Also is submitted herewith.

Please submit to Dewan. I prefer the alternative draft.

7/2/10

Submitted to Dewan 7/2/1910

84

Submitted to Dewan 11/2/1910

Note—Contn sheet.

4675 22.2.10

GPB—55,000—27-4-09

Record of Cases submitted for the Orders of His Highness the Maharaja

No 1132
3-5-10

Subject.

Review application presented by one Nanjo Devaru for a re-consideration of the orders passed by Government in Proceedings No.3832 dated 15th March 1906 restoring the Inam tenure of certain lands endowed to the Sri Anjaneya and other temples at Ganjam, Seringapatam Taluk.

Order.

Approved

~~KRW~~

9/5/10

14/5/10

14/5/10

Submitted to His Highness.

These papers relate to a Review application presented by one Nanje Devaru for a reconsideration of the orders passed by Government in Proceedings No. 3932 dated 15th March 1906, restoring the inam tenure of certain lands endowed to the Sri Anjaneya and other temples at Ganjam in the Seringapatam Taluk.

2. The facts of the case are contained in the proceedings under advertence and the Huzrat Under Secretary's notes on the file, pages 22 to 47. Briefly, the facts are as follows: Certain wet lands situated in Kirangur village of the Seringapatam Taluk were endowed to the Sri Anjaneyaswami, Panduranga and Someswaraswami temples at Ganjam, but were at the Inam Settlement of 1860, ordered to be resumed, fully assessed and declared Sircar lands - as they were not in the enjoyment of the temples, &c. The lands in question however continued in the enjoyment of petitioner Nanje Devaru, the cultivator who used before the resumption of the inam lands by Government, to give annual gutta to Venkat Das, the Vicharnekarta of the temples, and who continued to enjoy them after

their resumption, paying only the assessment to Government. Complaints having been received in 1903 from one Annasami Ramanujiengar of Serangapatam to the effect that the produce of the inam lands was not being given to the temples by the cultivator, the matter was enquired into, and it having been reported that the temples were in existence and that there was worship in two of them, the Government in their Proceedings of 15th March 1906 above referred to, restored the inams to the temples and directed that the lands might be leased to Nanjedevaru on such annual gutta as might be reasonably fixed by the Deputy Commissioner. The present review application is for a reversal of this decision. It is urged that the order was passed without hearing Nanje Devaru, that the temples for whose benefit the inam has been assigned are not in existence, and that petitioner and his father have long been in possession of the lands, &c.

3. The Muzrai Under Secretary, after going into the records and the evidence adduced, and also personally inspecting the locality, has stated that the temples for which the inams were originally granted are not in existence, and that puja is not performed,

and has recommended that the first order be cancelled the lands re-assessed and petitioner left in undisturbed possession thereof.

4. The Second Councillor is in favour of allowing this review and cancelling the former order, leaving the parties to settle the dispute by recourse to Civil Courts. The First Councillor is of opinion that Government cannot step in and assume summary jurisdiction. The Inam Superintendent agrees with the Mazrai Superintendent and Councillors in holding that the order appealed against may be revised. The Government Advocate who has also been consulted is of opinion that the order directing petitioner to pay anything more than the survey assessment is illegal and inoperative and must be cancelled.

5. As the order of 15th March 1906 was based on the supposition that the temples were then in existence and as this now turns out to be incorrect, it is proposed to cancel the order and direct that original conditions be restored.

6. As, however, this involves a modification of an order passed by the late Dewan, Sir P.N.Krishna Murti, the draft is submitted for approval.

ks.

T Chandra Rao Nayudu

G.R.S. 12]
General and Revenue
Secretariat.

File No. of 190

Serial No.

Issue 27
— 1613/Q&W

Draft
2 Kan: Endts - one to Nanje Dewan and the other to Annasami Ramanujiengar - and sub^d for approval.
RL
24/5/10

To, The Dy Comm^r, Mysore Dist^t, Rev. Com^r, Inam Supt and Compt^r, Mysore Govt
G.O. no 2830-33 Dy 27 5 10.
Directs in modification of Govt Pro no. 3932, 3932 A, 3932 B dated 15th March 06, that the lands originally in the khata of Sri Anjaneya and two other temples at Ganjam, Srirangapatam Taluk, be declared and assessed and the full assessment reconed from the pet^y Nanje Dewan.
To, Nanje Dewan and Annasami Ramanujiengar,
Endts. nos. 2834, 2835 Dy 29.5.10.
Communicates the substance of the above order.
From, the Dy. Comm^r, Mysore Dist
Letter no. 520 Dy 28th May 10.
Submits further report.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—50.000—13-5-08

Serial No.

Hag 31)

In this office docket no. 3267 Dj 22nd December 1906, the Dy Commr of the Mysore Distt was requested to issue the needful instructions to the local authorities to stay the execution of the Govt order directing the resumption of the lands belonging to Sri Pandu-ranga and other Temples at Ganjam, pending the disposal of the review-petition, on the petr Ranje Devaru furnishing adequate security to the extent of the value of the crops on the lands in question.

(Amildar's report) Hag 5

The Dy Commr now reports that no adequate security was taken from Ranje Devaru regarding the crops on S. nos. 472 and 473, and that the Sub Divl officer has been requested to enquire into the matter and report thereon.

Hag 9)

On the Complaint petition of Anna Sami Ramanujiengar, Ranje Devaru has admitted in his deposition Dj 22nd January last that he has hypothecated these lands together with some of his private lands to the late Govt Advocate Mr.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—50.000—13-5-08

(66)

G. R. S. 12]
General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. of 190

Serial No.

for Rs 6000/ some 7 or 8 years back

It is further reported that arrears of suit rent amounting to Rs 30/ for 6 years (Parabhava, Plavanga, Keelaka and Sowmya) are due from these lands and the Dy Comm^r solicits instructions as to whether they may be recovered from Nanje Devaru and adds that the latter does not deserve any concession

Submitted for orders

AG 31.5.1910 Orders have been finally passed in Nanje Devaru's Review Pet^n in G.O. No. 2830·33 Mur 50-94 X by 27-5-10 cancelling the Prev: order in matter of directing the Devadaya Inam land to be assessed & returned to Nanje Devaru & from when the full assessment has to be recovered from the date of the previous order (now cancelled). all Govt dues will have according to this order be recovered from him.

RL 7/6/10

Papers to be called after [illegible] 11/6/1910

Submitted with a draft Order 11/6/10 RL 7/6/10

11/6/1910

To, the Dy. Comm^r, Mysore Dist

Docket no. 2923 dy 11.6.1910

NOTE—Contn. sheet

GPB—55,000—27.1.10

G. R. S. 12]
General and Revenue Secretariat.

File No. 50 of 1914

Serial No.

Invites attention to Govt order of the 29th may 1910 passing final orders in the matter.

From, the Inam Supdt in his Letter no 100 D/ 7.6.1910

Forwards a copy of the supplemental struck off register no. 34 of Kirangur Village.

D 22

In col. 13 of the Inam register, a note is made to the following effect:—

"Resumed and fully assessed" Vide G.O. (refd to above)—

This is perhaps intended for Custody in the records.

Submitted 14/6/10 The papers may now be recorded.

BG 15/6/10

Ys 21/6/1910

R. & B.

NOTE—Contn. sheet

GPB—55,000—27-4-15

MUZRAI SECRETARIAT

19 —19

From

L. ANANTASAMI RAO, Esq., B.A.,
Deputy Secretary to the
Government of Mysore,
Muzrai Department.

To

The Dy Commr
Mysore

Dated 20th Nov 1903.

Despatched

Received

General No 1275 & 1278.
Muzrai F. No.

Enclosure No. 1

In forwarding
Petn Regd no 5459 of 6th
Nov 1903 received from
Annasami Ramanuj
of Sreerangapatam complaining
that the produce of the inam
land endowed to the marginally
noted temples at Ganjam,
Sreerangapatam Taluk,
is not being given by
the cultivator of the land,
and praying that the land
may be taken up by Govt

Sri Veeranjaneyaswami
Ganeshaswami
Someshwaraswami

MGCPB—1,000—21-7-03.

for management,

has the honor to request

to be furnished with

a detailed report on

the Petn together with

the Dy Comm's opinion

in the matter.

By order

14/11/03

Dy Secy

Mines Dept

13/11/03

Encl as above

the temples concerned, the forfeited Inams may be resuscitated that the Inam lands now fully assessed may be resumed to Government from the present cultivators and after being declared as Inams may be granted afresh for cultivation at rates most favourable to the temples. (Vide accompanying memo No 1779/1145 dated 31st May 1905)

2. I agree with the above suggestion

3. The enclosures received with the above are herewith returned.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant

C. Gopalachariar
for Deputy Commissioner
Mysore District

cpS
16.6.

No 2391/D 10-2-04 Confl.
" 7352-D —

MYSORE DEWAN'S OFFICE
MUZRAI DEPARTMENT.

OFFICIAL MEMORANDUM.

No.

The accompanying Petition No. 1303,
dated 6th Jan 1904 received at the
Dewan's Office from Annasami Kamanuja
Iyengar of Sreerangapatam
re the produce of the Inam lands
endowed to the Sri Pandwanja
Swami, ~~and~~ Anjaneya Swami
& Someswara Swami temples
at Ganjam Sreerangapatam Taluk
is forwarded, ~~together with its~~
~~enclosures,~~ to the Dy: Commissr
Mysore District, in Contn
of this Office Docket No 1275
D. 20th November 1903.

By Order,

4/2/04

Deputy Secretary
Muzrai Dept.

BANGALORE,
190

4/2/04
Encl to the Petnr:

MGCBP—500—19-6-02

MYSORE DEWAN'S OFFICE,

MUZRAI DEPARTMENT.

OFFICIAL MEMORANDUM.

No. 3490 En 1.

The accompanying Petition No. 2660 dated 25th April 04 received at the Dewan's Office from Annasami Ramanuja Iyengar of Sreerangapatam, re The produce of the Inam lands endowed to the Sri Sankuraya Swamy, Anjaneya Swamy & Someswara Swamy temples, at Gangam, Sreerangapatam Taluk is forwarded, together with its enclosures, to the Deputy Commr, Mysore District, in continuation of this office docket No. 1275 Dt 20th November 1903 and 2391 Dt 10th February 04.

with a request that the report already called for may be submitted early

"Dfl"

By Order,

10-5-04

Deputy Secretary,
Muzrai Department.

BANGALORE,
12th May 1904.

9/5/04

Govern ment

MYSORE ~~GENERAL OFFICE~~

MUZRAI DEPARTMENT.

OFFICIAL MEMORANDUM.

No. 1982 in 121 (Confl.)

The accompanying Petition No. 1772 (Confl.)

dated 5th November 1904 received at this ~~Dewan's~~ Office from Annasami Ramanuja Aujangar of Seringapatam the produce of the land endowed to the temple of Sri Pandu Vittalaswami, Sri Someswaraswami and Sri Anjanayaswami and the neglected condition of the temple is forwarded, ~~together with its enclosures~~, to the Deputy Commissioner Mysore District in continuation of this office ~~letter~~ No. 3 0 dated 12th May 1904 with a request that the report already called for may be sent with as little delay as possible.

By Order,

26/11/04

~~Deputy~~ Secretary

Muzrai Dept.

BANGALORE,
2-12-1904

No: 1983

2-12-04

Dy Secretary

24/11/04

MGCBP—500—19-6-02

Permanent

MYSORE ~~DEWAN'S~~ OFFICE,

MUZRAI DEPARTMENT.

OFFICIAL MEMORANDUM.

No. 2555 & 1.

The accompanying Petition No. 2656 dated 11 · 1 · 1905 received at this ~~Dewan's~~ Office from Arinasami Ramanuja Iyengar of Srirangapatam regarding the produce of the Inam lands endowed to the temples of Sri Panduranga Swami, Sri-Someswara Swami and Sri Anjaneya Swami at Gunjam is forwarded, ~~together with its enclosures~~, to the Deputy Commr, Mysore District, in continuation of ~~this Office~~ his marginally noted 4 communications from this Office ~~1905~~ with a request that the report already called for may be submitted without further delay.

Rw 1275 dated 20th June '03
Rw 1302 " 10th July '04
Rw 24490 " 12th Aug '04
Rw 19882 " 2nd Dec '04

By Order,

17/1/05

~~Deputy~~ Secretary,
Muzrai Department.

BANGALORE,
20 - 1 - 1905.

No: 2556
20:1:05

17/1/05

~~155~~ 1904 - 1905.

From
H. H. Sparkes Esquire,
Deputy Commissioner,
Mysore District.

To
Lo. Anantasamudi Rao Esqr
B A
Secy. to the Govt of H H the
Maharaja of Mysore, Yuvaraja of
Dated 14th February 1905.

Despatched 16 ———

Received

General No. 255
No.

Enclosure No. one file &

Reports on the petition
from Annasamudi
Ramanujaiengar of
Seringapatam Taluk

MYSORE GOVERNMENT
3287
MUSTAI SECRETARIAT

Rupees
Rs
18/2/05

Deputy Commissioner's office,
Mysore District,

No. 255 / Gen. 1 file

Dated, Mysore, 14th February 1905

To,

L. Anantasawmi Rao Esqr: B.A.
Secretary to the Government
of His Highness the Maharaja
of Mysore, Inam Department,
Bangalore.

Sir,

In reply to your docket No. 1275 of the 14th November 1903 and subsequent reminders thereon, calling for a report on the petition from Annasawmi Ramanujaiengar of Seringapatam complaining that the produce of the Inam lands endowed to the marginally noted temples at Ganjam, in the Seringapatam Taluk, is not being given by the cultivators of the lands and praying that the lands may be taken up by government for management, I have the honor to state as follows:—

* 1. Pandu Ranga
2. Anjanayya
3. Someswara

The Khata of the marginally noted wet lands situated in the Kirangur village, Seringapatam Taluk is in the joint names of the three deities referred to. Apart from

⊛

S. No	A.	G	Rs	A	P.
472	–	2	– 21	– 20	–
473	..	2	– 20	– 20	–
476	–	2	– 18	– 20	–
		7	– 19	60	–

from the Kandayam said to have been paid by the cultivator, Ranje Devaru, who has been enjoying the produce of the lands, no documentary evidence has been produced by him to show how he is in possession of the same for the last 20 years.

2. The Assistant Commissioner (Mr. K. Srinivasa Rao) in charge of the Taluk, after inspecting the temples, reports on 4th January 1905 that full assessment was levied on the Inam lands, in question, during the Inam settlement as the temples were not in good order (Vide Extract, Enclosure No: 23, from the Enquiry Register filed with the Records, that the Anjanayya temple is still in a decayed state; the petitioner states that the idol (Anjanayya) has been in the verandah behind the of Panduranga without puja performed; that the temples of Panduranga and some

were found in good order, puja being, however, performed in them; that there is a distance of a mile and a half between the Anjanayya temple and Panduranga and Someswara temples; and that it is not clear why all the 3 temples have been noted in one Sannad.

3. The petition received with the docket under reply is herewith retransmitted together with the file of vernacular papers bearing on the subject, received with Jadi No. 1020 dated 4th January 1905 from the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Division.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant

Deputy Commissioner
Mysore District

MUZRAI SECRETARIAT

190 —190

From

L. ANANTASAMI RAO, Esq., B.A.,
Secretary to the Government of
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore,
Muzrai Department.

To

The Superintendent of
Inam Settlements in
Mysore

Dated 11th March 1905

Despatched

Received

General No. 3897
Muzrai F. No.

Enclosure No. Nil

Has the honour to request
copy of the
to be furnished with a ~~Register~~
detailed Inam Register
~~or Registers pertaining to the~~
~~grant of lands in the Hosangu~~
~~village of the Seeranga patam~~
~~Taluk, granted as Inam to~~
showing how the
Inam lands endowed
to the temples of Kasi Viswesvara,
Pandavanga, Someswara, Anja-
neya and others at Gosayi
Ghatta at Ganjam in the
Seeranga patam Taluk
were dealt with By Order
during the Inam
Settlement—

9/3/05

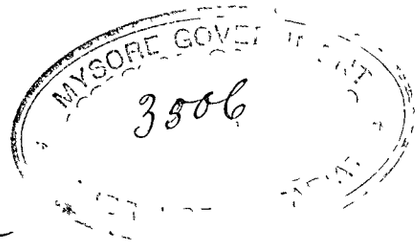
Secretary

Ks 7 3 05 Inam Depth

M.G.C.P.B.—1,000—3-10-04.

1905

From
The Superintendent of Inam
Settlements in Mysore



22/3/05

To The Secretary to the
Government of Mysore.
Municipal Department

Dated 21st
Despatched 21st } March
Received
General No. 100
No.

Enclosure No.

His docket No. 3397 of the
11th March 1905.

With reference to the above,
has the honor to request to be
informed of the village in
which the Inam Lands are
situated.—

Superintendent of Inam.
Settlements in Mysore

MUZRAI SECRETARIAT.

190 —190

From

L. ANANTASAMI RAO, Esq., B.A.,
Secretary to the Government of
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore,
Muzrai Department.

To The Superintendent of
Inam Settlements in Mysore.

Dated 28th March 1905

Despatched

Received

General No. 3575
Muzrai F. No.

Enclosure No.

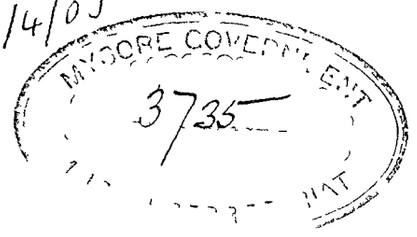
In reply to the
his Docket no 100 of
21st March 1905 has
honor to state that
the Inam lands en
to the ₰ temples of Panduranga
Someswara, Anjaneya &
others at Ganjam are
situated in the Kis
village, [illegible]
By
[illegible]
24/3/05
Secret

ks
24/3/05

Mgs C.P.B.—1,000—5-10-04.

Hc.

Repes
Rs
11/4/05



1905

From
The Superintendent of Inam Settlements in Mysore

To
The Secretary to the Government of Mysore
Mudrpoi Department.

Date 7th
Despatched 8th } April
Received
General No. 105
No.

Enclosure No. one

As requested in his docket No 3575 of the 28th March 1905, has the honor to forward herewith, a copy of the Inam Register pertaining to the Inam lands endowed to the temples of Pandavanga, Someswara, Anjaneya and others at Ganjam, Srirangapatna Taluk.

Superintendent of Inam Settlements

(Register Sheet No. 48)

Taluk . . . Achtägram

Bobli . . Kuvinegoor.

Village . . Kuvinegoor.

Copy of the Register of Inams in the village of Kirangur in the

CLASS, EXTENT AND VALUE OF INAM

Number of case or entire holding under one grant in this village	General class to which the Inam belongs	Survey No. and name of field or fields comprised in the grant. Dry, wet or garden	Extent: Local measure. Even where the local measure is in acres, guntas, and annas, it is to be entered in this column	Extent: Measure in acres and their fractions in decimals
1	2	3	4	5

Resumed
No 101.

Anzur Jari account 1831
K – 6. P
3 – 4 – 13

2. Devadaya. Wet
No 26
" 30

Sammat of Kirangpur in the Taluk of Arkalgud

DESCRIPTION OF LANDS			
Old assessment	Survey assessment	Description of Item	
Where no survey has been made and no assessment fixed by Government, the cess paid by the ryots to the Inamdar, or the average assessment of similar Government land, should be entered in column 7		If for service, it is to be stated whether the service is continued If for tanks, buildings, &c, whether they are efficiently kept up Hereditary or for life	Whether free of tax or liable to quit-rent, &c, and amount of latter if to be entered
6	7	8	9
J. V. Rau P mm-104-11-6	"	"	Free

DOCUMENT IN SUPPORT OF THE INAM

By whom granted and in what year	Written instruments in support of the claim, original sanad, all miscellaneous documents, and other proofs of long possession. In this column it should be stated whether the Inam is held with or without grant, whether the grant is produced or lost, &c., and the general specification of terms of all documents produced should be given.
10	11

of Mysore

NAME AND RELATIONSHIP OF ORIGINAL GRANTEE AND

Name of original grantee	Name entered in the register prepared by Poonnah up to 1810	Name entered in the accounts subsequent to 1810
12	13	14

Mysore Jaki account

Nil

1831

Punabada Sowkar
Venkatdas - Forhaving
Constructed the temples
at Pucchima Vahani
P. T. V
Pandu Ranga " 12 —
Koneshwara " 12 —
Anjaniahdevar - " 12 —

Total - 3-4-13 - 36 —

of the Ashtagram

OF SUBSEQUENT AND PRESENT HOLDERS

Particulars regarding present owner. If the inam has been subdivided, the name, &c., of each sharer should be entered in the columns			
Residence, name and age, &c.	Relation to original grantee or subsequent registered holders	Surviving heirs of the present incumbent	If unconnected with the original holders, possession how obtained, and in what year
15	16	17	18
Gonjam Anjaniah Pandurunga Rurungapatna Someshwara managers pro-tem.	"	"	

Division

LENGTH OF POSSESSION

Abstract of the orders already issued by the Commissioner or the Superintendent of the Division on lapses regarding validity or excess of the Inam.	Assistant's opinion and recommendation	Review by
19		

1. A Valid Grant which is not in the enjoyment of the temples noted in the account. No Cowle produced and the tenure of the Grant was vitiated by the enjoyment of other temples. The Anjaneah temple was cleaned after my arrival here and poojé resumed. I am doubtful whether any poojé is rendered to Someshwara. The enjoyment of Soudu Ranga at Gonjam is unauthorized and illegal.

2. To be resumed fully assessed and declared sirkar.

(Signed) Rajendrasa Dora
Asst.
13-5-79

(Countersigned) Robt. Cole
Supt of Inam Settlt.
in 9mg

Inam Settlt Office.
Bangalore 7th April 1905
8th

Copy
[illegible]
Asstt to Inam Settlt.
in

Compd
5/6

MUZRAI

19 —19

FROM

To The Dy Commr
Mysore Dt

Dated 22d Mar 1905.

Despatched

Received

General No. 4281
Muzrai F. No.

Enclosure 1 file

His letter no 255 dy 16th Feb: 1905 reporting on the enjoyment of the inam lands endowed to the temples of Sri Pandurengaswamy, Sri Someswara & Sri Anjaneyaswamy at in the Sreerangapatam Taluk

a

From the records with the above, it is that the Khata of lands in question is Name of the temples the resumption

GCPB—2,000—9-6 07

in 1879, they do not appear
to have been taken up for cultivation
either by Nanja Devaru the
present occupant or his
ancestors, under the Darkhast
Rules, ~~Seeing that at the~~
~~element, the lands were~~
~~treated as Sircar & fully~~
~~assessed~~ The present occupant
merely states that he was
possession of the lands before
resumption & continued to be
even afterwards, but has
not produced any documentary
evidence to show how he came
~~the lands~~ in possession.

2. The Deputy Commr is under the circs
requested to suggest the course
to be adopted so as not to make
suppress, especially reminding Mr. Hilton of
the temples, ~~two of which are stated to be~~
good repair with Puja being performed therein

The enclos are retd for reference & disposal
By order

Av

1577

OFFICE OF THE PRIVATE SECRETARY TO
HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.
Dated, Mysore, 2nd October 1905

Refers No. 6460
Ks
3/10/05

Petition as shown below, to His Highness the Maharaja, is transferred to the Secretary to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, in the Muzroi Department, Bangalore, for disposal.

To H. H. The Maharajah of Mysore.

Muz 3]

GOVT. OF H. H. THE MAHARAJA
OF MYSORE,

MUZRAI DEPARTMENT.

OFFICIAL MEMORANDUM.

No. 2630 Enc 1 2

Pet. no. 1577/465 dt 24:9:05 addressed to H H. the Maharaja.
& no. 1764 dt 18:10:05 —do— to the Dewan

The accompanying Petition, ~~Noted as dated~~ per margin, received at this Office from Anna Sami Ramanujiengar, of Sreerangapatam praying for the restoration of certain Inam lands which properly belong to the temples of Sri Gandaraya, Sri Someswara and Sri Anjaneyaswamy in the Srirangapatam TK. is forwarded, ~~together with its enclosures~~, to the Dy. Commr Mysore

Dett in contn of this office docket no 4281 dt 29th May 1905, for early subn of the report already called for on the subject.

By Order,

DH 30/10/05

BANGALORE, 1 11 1905. } Secretary, Muzrai Department.

No 2039.

Sent to the Petr.

24/10/05

Gen. 31

~~189~~ 1905 06

2021
7.11.05

Refers

21
4/11/05

Note cont'd & subd. proceedings
4/9.11.05

From
A. A. Sparkes Esqr:
Deputy Commissioner
Bangalore District

To
L. Anantasamni Rao Esqr B.A.
Secy: to Govt Revg: Deptt

Dated 31st October 1905

Despatched 1-11-05

Received

General No. 232
No.

Enclosure No. one file

Submits suggestion as to the course to be adopted regarding the Inam lands endowed to the temples of Sri Pandurangaswami Sri Someswara and Sri Anjaneya Swami at Ganjam in the Sarjapur Taluk.

Office of the Asst Commissioner
Nagara District

90232
Ex II 1.

Dated Nagara, 31st October 1905

To

L. Ananthasami Row Esqr BA.
Secretary to the Govern-
-ment of His Highness the Maha-
raja of Mysore Revenue department
Bangalore

Sir,

In reply to your docket No. 4281
dated 22nd May 1905 calling for my
suggestions as to the course to be adopt-
ed regarding the Inam land dedicated
to the temples of Sri Varadarajaswami
Sri Someswara, and Sri Rajarajeswari
at Ganjam in the Sreerangapatna Taluk,
I have the honor to state that the
Assistant Commissioner, French-Rocks
Division, who was consulted in the
matter, states that in the native

H-2

1905 05

MYSORE GOVT
2144
14.11.05

From
H. H. Sharma Rao Esqr
Deputy Commissioner
Bilgaum District

To
L. Anantasamiah Rao Esqr
Secy. to Govt. Jud. Dept.

Dated 11-11-05
Despatched 12 - Do -
Received
General No. 263
No.

Enclosure No 2

Refer Record
14/11/05

Submitted in continuation

Place in File
14/11

Retransmits the two petitions of Annasami Ramanujaiengar re restoration of certain Inam lands belonging to Sri Pandurangaji & other temples and states that the report has already been submitted.

MGUPB—50 reams.—6-12-02.

Deputy Commissioner's Office
Mysore District

Dated Mysore 11/12 Nov. 1905

Ro 263
Encl 2

To

Lt. Ananta Saumi Rao Esq BA.
Secretary to the Government
of H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore,
Inam Department.

Sir,

In retransmitting herewith the marginally noted two petitions received with your official memorandum No 2038 dated 1st November 1905 calling for the submission of a report regarding the restoration of certain Inam lands which property belong to the temples of Sri Pandurangaswami, Sri Someswara and Anjaneya swami in the Seringapatam Taluk, I have the honor to invite kind reference to this office letter No 231 dated 31-10-05/1-11-05 with which the report in question was submitted to you.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
your most obedient Servant

Deputy Commissioner
Mysore District

Cpc
Bg.

Petn No 1572 dated 24-9-1905
" 1465 " 18-10-1905
" 1764 " "
from Ramaswami Ramanujacharyar

Draft for approval

Muzrai Secretariat. File No. of 190

Read:—

Petition Regd no 545 dated 6th November 1903 from Annamai Rammijiyyar of Tiruvengadam complaining that the produce of the Inam lands endowed to the the ~~mosque~~ 3 Institutions noted in the margin is not being given to the temples by the cultivators of the lands.

(ii) Docket no 105 dated 8th April 1905 from the Superintendent of Inam Settlements in response forwarding a copy of the Inam Register pertaining to the Inam lands.

(iii) Correspondence ending with letter no 232 dated 1st November 1905 from the Dy Commissioner, Myore District.

*1) Thirumangaiyazwami temple
(2) Ramaswamy - Swami temple
(3) Somesvara - Swami temple

11740
Issued
8.3.06

Read
12/3/06
Issued 12/3/06

Read
15/3/06 Print
D.2 3/06

Order:— No. 3932-A&B.
~~No. 3932 A/15. 3. 06.~~ Rec./File.
The 3 Inam numbers

MGCPB—3,500—15-10-04.

Muzrai Secretariat. File No. of 190

noted in the margin were endowed to the Arjunayaswami, Pandavanga and Someswaraswami temples at Kanjam in the Srikurmapatnam taluk. During the Inam settlement in 1888 these lands were ordered by the Inam Superintendent "to be resumed, fully assessed and declared Sircari" as it was reported by the Inam Assistant, Mr. Syed Nasiruddin, that the grant was not in the enjoyment of the temples noted in the account; that no Sanad was produced and that the tenure of the grant was initiated by the enjoyment of other temples. The Inam Asst. at the same time reported that "the Arjunayaswami temple was closed after his arrival there and "puja resumed"; that he was "doubtful

S. No.	Wet	B	A - L	Assessment
472.	"	2 - 20	2 - 21	20 — " — "
473.	"	2 - 20	2 - 20	20 — " — "
476.	"	2 - 18	2 - 19	20 — " — "
				60 — " — "

Muzrai Secretariat. File No. of 190

"doubtful whether any huje was rendered to Someswara" and that "the enjoyment of Pandu Ranga at Ajanjam was unauthorized and illegal". The Khata of the lands continues, however, in the name of the 3 temples noted above and full assessment viz, Rs 60 plus Rs 3-12-0 being the local cess, is being levied since the date of the Inam Settlement. The validity of the grant is borne out by the Sirup granted by His Highness the late Sivaramaja Krishnaraja Wadeyar Bahadur on the 5th October 1824, as certified to by the Inam Assistant at the time of his enquiry in 1879. The lands are now in the enjoyment of Naiju Devaru, who is reported to have produced no

slip A

slip B

to show how he came into possession.

In his statement before the Amildar — Slip C
he has however admitted that, prior
to the resumption of the Inam lands
by Government in 1880, he used to pay
give an annual quitta of 30 Candies
of Paddy to Venkata Das, who was
the Vishnoumukhasta of Musi temples,
and that after the lands were
resumed and fully assessed;
he has continued to enjoy the ~~lands~~
lands paying only the assessment to
Government

2. ~~Ramachandrapandiya~~ Mr. K.
Srinivasa Rao Asst. Comr. of Tenth-Ranks,
who personally
inspected the institutions, ~~in~~ his reports
~~observed~~ that the Anjaneyaswami
temple is still in a dilapidated
condition, the mula Vigraha therein
having been removed therefrom
to the Pandharinatha temple, where it

Muzrai Secretariat. File No of 190

it remains unworshipped; and that the other two temples viz. those of Bandiyamuriya and Somesvara, were found in good order, puja being performed therein. He and the Dy Commr, Mr Sparkes, therefore recommend that, in the interests of the temples concerned, the forfeited Inams may be restored to the Institutions and that they may be assured from the present cultivator and granted a patta for cultivation at rates most favourable to the Institutions.

3. In consideration of the fact that the Khatu of the lands has continued in the name of the temples even after they were ordered to be resumed in 1880, the -

and not the cultivator, must be considered as the holder of the lands, subject to the payment of the full assessment to Government, and the cultivator, ~~is only~~ should be held to be a tenant under the Khatedar (temples); and bound to give the rents to the latter. ~~But once the attachment of the enfranchisement~~. Nanje Gowda has however been in enjoyment of the lands, paying only the assessment to Government and nothing to the temples. The question as to why he should not be called upon to give an annual rent of 30 Candies of hunkly rice to the temples since 1880-81, the assessment paid by him annually, will be decided by Government on receipt of the Dy Comr's opinion on this point.

4. As regards the future

Muzrai Secretariat.

File No of 190

disposal of the lands, the Government are pleased to accept the Dy Comr's recommendation and accordingly direct that the lands be restored to the temples as shown with effect from the current Official year 5. In consideration of the fact that the present cultivator has been cultivating the lands for a long time even prior to their resumption, the Government are inclined to continue this lease, on condition of his giving may be the same quitta as is assessed by the Dy Comr fixed by the Dy Comr. The Dy Comr is requested to enquire and report what the quitta would be, having regard to the fact that the present cultivator was giving 30

Muzrai Secretariat. File No. of 190

of hundreds prior to 1880.

6. Cow-hides of the gutta belonging to the Sri Thyagarajaswami temple as per terms of the grant should be brought under savings and credited to the fund of the Institution, until the temple has sufficient funds accumulated for its thorough repairs - A regular scale of expenditure will be fixed by Government in due course, for the other two temples (Panchanadeeswara and Somaskanda), on receipt of a reply from the Dy Commr, proposing the reasonable gutta hire that may be levied on the Devasthanam lands as noted above -

Secretary to Govt. Muzrai Department.

1871/06

2. The Dy Commr, Tanjore Dt; returning the Enclosures: Govt.

MGCPB—3,500—15-10-04.

No. 3933

1905-06

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS
THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE

MUZRAI

PROCEEDINGS

Dated 15th March 1906

No. 3932, 3932 A, 3932 B
Muz. F.

Passing orders regarding the restoration of the Inam lands endowed to Sri Anjaneyaswami, Pandurangaswami and Someswaraswami temples at Ganjam in the Seringapatam Taluk.

GPB—S506—200

READ—

Anjaneyaswami temple.
Panduranguswami temple
Someswaraswami temple

Petition Registered No. 545, dated 6th November 1903, from Annasami Ramanujaiengar of Seringapatam, complaining that the produce of the Inam lands endowed to the three Institutions noted in the margin is not being given to the temples by the cultivator of the lands.

Docket No. 105, dated 8th April 1905, from the Superintendent of Inam Settlements in Mysore, forwarding a copy of the Inam Register pertaining to the Inam lands.

Correspondence ending with letter No. 232, dated 1st November 1905, from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.

No. 3932, 3932 A & 3932 B, DATED BANGALORE, 15TH MARCH 1906.

ORDER THEREON.—The three Survey numbers noted in the margin were endowed to the Anjaneyaswami, Panduranga and Someswaraswami temples at Ganjam in the Seringapatam Taluk. During the Inam Settlement in 1880 these lands were ordered by the Inam Superintendent "to be resumed, fully assessed and declared Sircari" as it was then reported by the Inam Assistant Mr. Syed Nasaroddin that the grant was not in the enjoyment of the temples noted in the account; that no sannad was produced and that the tenure of the grant was initiated by the enjoyment of other temples. The Inam Assistant at the same time reported that the "Anjaneyaswami temple was cleaned after" his arrival there and "Puje resumed"; that he was "doubtful whether any puje was rendered to Someswara" and that "the enjoyment of Panduranga at Ganjam was unauthorized and illegal." The khate of the lands continues, however, in the name of the three temples noted above and full assessment thereon, *viz.*, Rs. 60 plus Rs. 3-12-0, being the local cess, is being levied since the date of the Inam Settlement. The validity of the grant is borne out by the Nirup granted by His Highness the late Maharaja Krishnaraj Wadiyar Bahadoor III on the 5th October 1824, as certified to by the Inam Assistant at the time of his enquiry in 1879. The lands are now in the enjoyment of one Nanjedevaru, who is reported to have produced no documentary evidence to show how he came into possession. In his statement before the Amildar he has however admitted that, prior to the resumption of the Inam lands by Government in 1880 he used to give an annual gutta of thirty kandis of paddy to Venkat Das, who was the Vicharanakarta of these temples, and that after the lands were resumed and fully assessed, he has continued to enjoy the lands paying only the assessment to Government.

No.	A.	G.	Assessment. Rs	a.	p
472 wet	2	21	20	0	0
472 „	2	20	20	0	0
476 „	2	18	20	0	0

2. Mr. K. Srinivasa Rao, Assistant Commissioner of French Rocks, who personally inspected the institutions, reports that the Anjaneyaswami temple is still in a dilapidated condition, the Moola Vigraha therein having been removed therefrom to the Sri Panduranga temple, where it remains unworshipped; and that the other two temples, *viz.*, those of Panduranga and Someswara, were found in good order, puje being performed therein. He and the Deputy Commissioner, Mr. Sparkes, therefore recommend that, in the interests of the temples concerned, the forfeited Inams may be restored to the Institutions and that they may be resumed from the present cultivator and granted afresh for cultivation at rates most favourable to the institutions.

3. In consideration of the fact that the khate of the lands has continued in the name of the temples even after they were ordered to be resumed in 1880, the temples and *not* the cultivator, must be considered as the holder of the lands, subject to the payment of the full assessment to Government, and the cultivator should be held to be a sub-tenant under the khatedar (temples), and bound to give the gutta to the latter. Nanjegowda has however been in enjoyment of the lands paying only the assessment to Government and nothing to the temples. The question as to why he should not be now called upon to give to the temples an annual gutta of 30 kandis of paddy since 1880-81, minus the assessment paid by him annually, will be decided by Government on receipt of the Deputy Commissioner's opinion on this point.

Muzrai, dated 15th March 1906.

4. As regards the future disposal of the lands, the Government are pleased to accept the Deputy Commissioner's recommendation and accordingly direct that the lands be restored to the temples as Inam with effect from the current official year.

5. In consideration of the fact that the present cultivator has been cultivating the lands for a long time even prior to their resumption, the Government are inclined to continue his lease, on condition of his giving the same gutta as may be reasonably fixed by the Deputy Commissioner. The Deputy Commissioner is requested to enquire and report what the reasonable gutta would be, having regard to the fact that the present cultivator was giving 30 kandis of paddy prior to 1880.

6. One-third of the gutta belonging to the Sri Anjaneyaswami temple as per terms of the grant should be brought under savings and credited to that institution, until sufficient funds accumulate for its thorough repairs. A regular scale of expenditure will be fixed by Government in due course, for the other two temples (Panduranga and Someswara), on receipt of a reply from the Deputy Commissioner, proposing the reasonable gutta that may hereafter be levied on the Inam lands as noted above.

L. ANANTASAMI RAO,
Secy. to Govt., Muzrai Dept.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, returning enclosures.
The Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
The Superintendent of Inam Settlements in Mysore.

Exd.—c.v.

No. 3933 Dt. 15-3-80.

Regarding

17/3/06

Secretary

Municipal Dept

17/3/06

Muz. 1 2 |

MUZRAI SECRETARIAT.

1 0 --190

From

L. ANANTASAMI RAO, Esq., B A.,
Secretary to the Government of
H. H. the Maha ajas of Mysore,
Muzrai Department.

To The Dy Commissioner,
Mysore District

Dated

Despatched 3. X. 06.

Received

General No. 1931
Muzrai F. No.

Enclosure No.

In continuation of Govt
Pro: No 3932 Dy 15th March 1906
and reminder No 1473 Dy 30th
August 1906 requesting the
submission of a report in re the
levy of a reasonable Sutta on the
inam lands endowed to Anjaneya
and other temples at Ganjam
with a view to fix the scale
of expenditure in the temples
has the honor to forward a

GPB—3,000—21-7-06

herewith petition No 1560 Dy
16th September 1906 from Srini
Vasa Murtha Char of Srirangapatam on the same subject
and to request that the
information called for
may be submitted at an
early date.

Secretary

1988. 1/10/06

Executive

Mur 1 47 9 1 14.

MUZRAI SECRETARIAT.

190 --190

From

L. ANANTASAMI RAO, Esq., B.A.,
Secretary to the Government of
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore,
Muzrai Department.

To

The Deputy Commissioner,
Mysore District.

Dated

Despatched 22-12-06

Received

General No. 3257
Muzrai F. No.

Enclosure No.

Govt Pro: No. 3952-A+B,
dated 15th ~~February~~ March 1906,
directing the resumption of
certain lands in the Seringap
Taluk from the possession
their cultivator Nanje Devaru
and the restoration thereof
to the Sri Pandurangaa, Somes-
wara and Anjaneya
at Ganjam in the S
Taluk.

GPB—3,000—21-7-06

In

he

of the above, has the honor to

~~forward herewith petn. Regd~~

~~re 289 dated 3rd December 1906,~~

state that

~~received from~~ the said Nanje Devaru

has petitioned Govt

praying for the stay of execution

of the Govt. Order of the 15th March 1906

cited above, pending the disposal

of another petition from the

same individual praying for

a review of the orders passed

against him. As it will take

some time for the disposal of this

Review Petn., the Deputy Commr.

is requested to ~~deg~~ issue needful

instructions to the local Officers at once

to stay the execution of the

Govt order, pending the disposal

of the Review Petn, on the petitioner

Nanje Devaru furnishing adequate

security to the extent of the value of

the crop now on the lands in question

2. The submission of a report as to the

action taken in the matter is requested.

11/2016 Order &c

B.O. 20/12/06

Dy Secy

Muz. 7]

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.

No. 3258.

MUZRAI DEPARTMENT.

Dated 21st December 1906

ENDORSEMENT granted to Nanje Devaru of S
represented by Reader Mr Subba Rao, offg

in reply to his Petition Registered No. 2879, dated 3rd Dec. 1906,
praying for the stay of execution of Govt. Order No. 3932
dated 15th ~~Feb~~ March 1906, directing the resumption of the
lands in his enjoyment belonging to the Sri Gandoranga,
Someswara and Anjaneya temples at Ganjam in the
Seringapatam Taluk, pending the disposal of the
Review Petition submitted by him to Govt.

Petitioner is informed that as prayed for by him, the Deputy
Commissioner of the Mysore District has this day
written to to stay the execution of the Govt order
pending the disposal of the Review Petition subd.
by the petitioner on the condition of the pet.
adequate security ~~for~~ to the extent of the value of the crop

By order,

20/12/

Secretary.

3259.

Copy to the Deputy Commr, Mysore District,
in continuation of this office By Order,
Docket No dated 20th
December 1906

By Order,

Secretary, Muzrai Department.

GPB—1,000—27-6-06

Commercial
4 Sheets
No 18.

...EGOIE

3090

24.12.06

189 1906-07

FROM

To Inspector Kiotiet

L. Anantaro ; a Rao Esq B.A.

Dated 21st Dec 1906.

Despatched

Received

General No.

No.

Enclosure No.

Refers

4/1/07

Noted in Court

4-1-07

Submitted for ... report regarding the produce of the Arum landowners and Sri Anjaneya Paidiswara ... Coimbatore ... Sivan ... Kumbha ... Giriyappa ...

12/3/07

Note ... 12/3/07

Deputy Commissioner's office
Mysore District
Dated Mysore 21st Decr 06

No: 250
Title

To

L. Anantasawmi Rao Esqr B.A.
Secretary to the Government of
Mysore, Inugrai Department

Sir,

Adverting to Government Proceed-
-ings No 3932 dated the 15th March
1906 calling for further report regard-
-ing the produce of the Inam Lands
endowed to the Sri Anjaneya, Pan-
-duranga and Someswara Swami
temples at Ganjam in the Seringa-
patam Taluk, I have the honor to
state that in the interests of the Insti
-tutions, Pranje Devaru may be
called upon to give to the temples the
annual quota of 30 Kandies of Paddy
since the year 1898-99 minus the
cultivation assessment already paid
by him to Government.

2. In his statement dated the 21st
May 1905 Pranje Devaru has stated
that the interest accruing to the
Corpus will, that being
the disposal of the appeal he
should not be dispossessed of
the lands and that no answer

Can

Can be given in the name of
[illegible]

3. [illegible] 22.10.06
[illegible] jaiengan
requested that the gutta might
be enhanced. He also produced
one Manjiga gowda who was willing
to take up the [illegible] for a period
of 5 years at 36 Kandies of paddy
per annum provided the lands
were given to him by Manje.
Devaru fit for wet cultiv
(Vide Petn Regd no: 242 & 22.10.06
filed with the records).

4. The Amildar reports that Manji
-ga gowda does not pay anny
Kandayam to Government and
that his house worth about 100
Rs has been hypothecated to
one. He further adds that adeq
-uate security should be ta
from Manjiga gowda should
dankhast be accepted by
-ment.

5. As Manjiga Gowda is not in
solvent circumstances his
-Khast for 36 Kandies does
deserve consideration of G
-ment.

6. Since Manje Devaru is not
in

inclined to quit the land, pay the arrears and continue the lease on condition of his giving enhanced gutta until his appeal is disposed of, I would recommend that the gutta of the lands be ordered to be sold annually by public auction and knocked down to the highest bidder.

7 From the Mahazar dated 23.7.1906 it may be seen that the lands are not likely to fetch a gutta of more than $3\frac{3}{4}$ or 4 Kandies per acre per annum.

8. The Amildar reports that it is not possible to state what the reasonable gutta would be until Ranje Devaru is evicted from the land and the lease sold annually.

9. Pending further orders from Government in the matter, I have issued orders to the Amildar of the Seringapatam Taluk to attach the crops and keep them in Government custody.

10. The file of papers bearing on the subject received with the French Rocks Sub Divisional officer's memo No: $\frac{116}{456}$ dated 3.12.06 accompanies for favour of reference.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant

Deputy Commissioner
Mysore District

B.A

Draft as per orders

Typed
20.5.07

No. 5604

To,

Mr N Subba Rao,

Pleader,

~~Sreerangapatam~~ Bangalore

Sir,

I am directed to state that during the course of enquiry before the IInd Councillor on the 26th March last, with respect to the review application presented by your client Nanje Dewaru regarding the resumption from him of the lands belonging to certain temples at Ganjam in the Sreerangapatam Taluk, you were asked to produce copies of the documents upon which your client relied together with a memo explaining the facts

of the Case in further detail. They have not been produced till now. If they are not produced on or before the 30th June next, I am to ~~state~~ inform you that Govt. will proceed with the Case with the available documents.

I have etc.

Dft) 24/5/09

Secretary.

Pl
20/5/09

Jhansi :- Dis. No. 50 - 1904.

Review Petition and

other documents

by Nanjé Devani

ಮೈಸೂರು ಕೀಮೆಯ ಶ್ರೀಮ್ ಮಹಾರಾಜ ರಾಜಾ ಸಾಹೇಬ ಬಹದ್ದೂರವರ

ಗೌರ್ನಮೆಂಟ್ ಜನಾಬಿಗೆ.

———o———

ಶ್ರೀರಂಗಪಟ್ಟಣದಲ್ಲಿರುವ ನಂಜೆದೇವರು ಬರೆದುಕ್ಕೊಂಡ ಅರ್ಜಿ.

೧ ಶ್ರೀರಂಗಪಟ್ಟಣದ ವಾಸಸ್ಥನಾಗಿದ್ದ ಗುಜರಾತಿ ವೆಂಕಟೇವಾಸರೆಂಬುವರು ಶ್ರೀರಂಗಪಟ್ಟಣದ ನದೀ ತೀರದಲ್ಲಿ ಸೋಮೇಶ್ವರ ದೇವರು, ಗಂಜಾಮ ಕುರಾದಲ್ಲಿ ಆಂಜನೆಯ್ಯ ದೇವರು, ಪಶ್ಚಿಮವಾಹಿನಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಪಾಂಡುರಂಗ ದೇವರು, ಈ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಮೂರು ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನಗಳನ್ನು ಕಟ್ಟಿಸಿ ದೇವರು ಪ್ರತಿಷ್ಠೆ ಮಾಡಿಸಿ, ಇವುಗಳ ಪೂಜೆ ಮುಂತಾದ ಧರ್ಮ ಕೆಲಸಕ್ಕೆ ಜವಿಾನು ಇನಾಮತಿಯಾಗಿ ಕೊಡಿಸಬೇಕೆಂದು ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ವೆಂಕಟೇದಾಸ್ ಶ್ರೀಮ್ ಮಹಾರಾಜ ರಾಜ ಲೀಟ್ ಕೃಷ್ಣರಾಜವಡೆಯರ್ ಬಹದ್ದೂರವರ ಸನ್ನಿಧಾನಕ್ಕೆ ಅರಿಕೆ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಂಡದ್ದರ ಮೇಲೆ ಶ್ರೀಮ್ ಮಹಾರಾಜರವರು ದಯವಿಟ್ಟು (ಮೂವತ್ತಾರು) ೩೬ ವರಹದ ಜವಿಾ ಇನಾಮತಿಯಾಗಿ ನಡಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ಬರಬೇಕೆಂದು ಶ್ರೀರಂಗಪಟ್ಟಣದ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ಅಮಲ್ದಾರರಿಗೆ ೧೪೨೪ ನೇ ಇಸವಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಿರೂಪಿಸಿದ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಅಮಲ್ದಾರ್ರವರು ಕಿರಂಗೂರು ಗ್ರಾಮದ ಮಾಜಿ ೨೬—೩೦ ನೆ ನಂಬರು ತರೀ ಜವಿಾನುಗಳನ್ನು ಇನಾಮತಿಯಾಗಿ ಬಿಡಿಸಿಕೊಟ್ಟರು. ಆ ಜವಿಾನಿಗೆ ಹಾಲಿ ಸರ್ವೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ೪೭೨—೪೭೩—೪೭೬ ನೇ ನಂಬರುಗಳು ಬಿದ್ದುಯಿರುತ್ತೆ.

೨ ಈಗ್ಗೆ ಸುಮಾರು ೪೦ ವರುಷಕ್ಕೆ ಮೇಲ್ಪಟ್ಟ ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ಸದರಿ ವೆಂಕಟೇದಾಸ್ ಮೃತಪಟ್ಟದ ಲ್ಲದೆ ಅವನಿಗೆ ವಾರಸ್‌ದಾರ್ರು ಯಾರೂ ಇಲ್ಲದೇ ಹೊದ್ದರಿಂದ ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನಗಳ ವಿಚಾರಣೆ ತಪ್ಪಿ ದೇವರ ಪೂಜೆ ನಿಂತು ದೇವರುಗಳನ್ನು ಸಹಾ ಯಾರೋ ಜನಗಳು ಕಿತ್ತುಹಾಕಿ ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನಗಳು ಪಾಳುಬಿದ್ದಿವೆ.

೩ ೧೪೮೦ ನೆ ಇಸವಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಡೆದ ಇನಾಂ ಸೆಟ್ಲ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ಧೋಂಡುರಾವ್ ವಗೈರೆ ಕೆಲವು ಜನಗಳು ಬೇರೆ ಸ್ಥಳದಲ್ಲಿರುವ ದೇವರುಗಳನ್ನೆ ಇನಾಮಾಫೀಸರವರಿಗೆ ತೋರಿಸುವದರ ಮೂಲಕ ತಾವೇ ದೇವರ ಪೂಜಾರಿಗಳೆಂದು ಇನಾಂ ಜವಿಾ ಫಸಲ್ ಹೊಂದಲು ಯತ್ನಿಸಿದರು. ಇದನ್ನು ಇನಾಂ ಸೆಟ್ಲ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಆಫೀಸರು ನಂಬದೆ ಧರ್ಮ ಕಾರ್ಯ ಸರಿಯಾಗಿ ನಡೆಯುತ್ತಾ ಇಲ್ಲವೆಂಬ ಕಾರಣದ ಮೇಲೆ ಇನಾಂ ಜವಿಾನುಗಳನ್ನ ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಸೇರಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ಪೂರಾ ಕಂದಾಯ ದಾಖಲ್ಮಾಡಬೇಕೆಂದು ಆರ್ಡರ್ ಮಾಡಿದರು. ಸದರೀ ಆರ್ಡರ್ ಅನುಸರಿಸಿ ೧೦೬ ಚಿಲ್ಲರೆ ರೂಪಾಯಿ ಕಂದಾಯ ದಾಖಲಾಯಿತು. ಈ ಕಂದಾಯ ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರನೇ ಕೊಡುತ್ತಾ ಜವಿಾನು ಸುಭರ್ದಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಇಟ್ಟುಕೊಂಡು ಅನುಭವಿಸುತ್ತಿದ್ದಾನೆ.

೪ ೧೪೮೯ ನೆ ಇಸವಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಡೆದ ಸೆಟ್ಲ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್‌ನಲ್ಲಿ ಈ ಜವಿಾಗಳಿಗೆ ಇದ್ದ ಕಂದಾ ಯ ಕಮ್ಮಿಯಾಗಿ ೬೦ ಚಿಲ್ಲರೆ ರೂಪಾಯಿ ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರನ ಕಬೂಲಿ ಮೇರಿಗೆ ದಾಖಲಾಗಿ ಪೂರ್ವ ವಾಡಿಕೆ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ದೇವರ ಹೆಸರಿಗೆ ಪಟ್ಟೆಯಾದ್ದರಿಂದ ದುರ್ವ್ಯಾಜ್ಯದಿಂದಲೇ ಜೀವನ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಾ ಇದ್ದ ಧೋಂಡುರಾವ್ ಗೋಕು ಲದಾಸ್ ವೆಗೈರೇರು ಮದರಾಸ್ ಪಾರ್ವತೀಬಾಯಿ ಇವಳ ಮಗ ವೆಂಕಟೇದಾಸ್ ಎಂಬುವನನ್ನು ಸಹಾ ಷರೀಕು ಮಾಡಿಕೊಂಡು ಮೂಲ ಪುರುಷ ವೆಂಕಟೇದಾಸ್‌ಗೆ ಇವರುಗಳು ವಾರಸ್ ದಾರರೆಂದು ಸುಳ್ಳಾಗಿ ಕಲ್ಪನೆ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಂಡು ಜವಿಾ ಅಥವಾ ಜವಿಾ ಫಸಲು ಅಪಹರಿಸುವ ಯೋಚನೆಯಿಂದ ಶ್ರೀರಂಗಪಟ್ಟ ಣದ ಮ್ಯುನಿಸೀಪಲ್ ಕೋರ್ಟ್‌ನಲ್ಲಿ ಈ ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರನನ್ನೂ ಮತ್ತು ಇವನೊಡನೆ ವ್ಯಾಜ್ಯವಾಡಿಕ್ಕೊಂಡು ಪ್ರತ್ಯೇಕ ಯಿದ್ದ ಇವನ ತಾಯಿ ಪುಟ್ಟಮ್ಮನನ್ನು ಸಹಾ ಪ್ರತಿವಾದಿಗಳನ್ನಾಗಿ ಮಾಡಿ ೧೪೧೧ ನೆ ಇಸವಿ ಸಿವಲ್ ಸ್ಯೂಟ್ ೧೩೧೫ ರಲ್ಲಿ ದಾವಾ ಮಾಡಿಸಿ ಜೇಫ್ ಕೋರ್ಟ್ಗುವರಿಗೂ ವಿವಾದ ನಡಿಸಿದ್ದರಲ್ಲಿ ಆ ಕೋರ್ಟ್ ೯೩ ನೇ ಇಸವಿ ಸೆಕೆಂಡ್ ಅಪೀಲ್ ೪೨೨ ನೆ ನಂಬರಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಈ ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರನ ಖರ್ಚು ಆ ನಂಬರು ವಾದಿಗಳು ಕೊಡತಕ್ಕದೆಂ ತಲೂ ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರ ವಾದಿ ದಾವಾಕ್ಕೆ ಜವಾಬ್ದಾರನಲ್ಲವೆಂತಲೂ ತೀರ್ಮಾನವಾಯಿತು. ಪುನಃ ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ಧೋಂಡುರಾವ್ ತನ್ನ ಜೊತೆಗೆ ಪಾರ್ವತೀಬಾಯಿ ಮಗ ವೆಂಗಟೇದಾಸ್‌ನನ್ನು ಸೇರಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ಶ್ರೀರಂಗಪಟ್ಟ ಣದ ಮ್ಯುನಿಸೀಫ್ ಕೋರ್ಟ್‌ನಲ್ಲಿ ೧೪೯೩—೯೪ ನೆ ಇಸವಿ ಸಿವಲ್ ಸ್ಯೂಟ್ ೧೪೩೭ ರಲ್ಲಿ ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರನ ಮೇಲೆ ಇದೇ ಜವಿಾನುಗಳಿಗೂ ಫಸಲಿಗೂ ಸಹಾ ದಾವಾ ಮಾಡಿದನು. ಈ ವ್ಯಾಜ್ಯ ಪುನಃ ಅಪ್ಪೀಲ್ ಸೆಕೆಂಡ್ ಅಪ್ಪೀಲ್‌ವರಿಗೆ ಹೋಗಿ ಅಲ್ಲಿಂದ ಡಿಸ್ಟ್ರಿಕ್ಟ್ ಕೋರ್ಟ್‌ಗೆ ರಿಮೇಂಡಾಗಿ ಡಿಸ್ಟ್ರಿಕ್ಟ್ ಜಡ್ಜಿಯವರ ಕೋರ್ಟ್ ೧೪೯೪—೯೫ ನೆ ಇಸವಿ ಅಪ್ಪೀಲ್ ೨೫೪ ನೆ ನಂಬರಿನಲ್ಲಿ ವಾದಿಗಳ ದಾವಾ ಡಿಸ್ಮಿಸ್ ಆಗಿ ಈ ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರನಿಗೆ ಖರ್ಚು ಸಹಾ ಕೊಡಬೇಕೆಂದು ತೀರ್ಮಾನವಾಯಿತು.

೫ ಈ ವ್ಯಾಜ್ಯಗಳು ಮೊದಲಾದ್ದಕ್ಕೂ ಅವು ಪೂರೈಸುವದಕ್ಕೂ ೯ ವರುಷಗಳ ಮೇಲಾಯಿತು. ದೀರ್ಘಕಾಲ ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರನು ಕೋರ್ಟುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ವ್ಯಾಜ್ಯವಾಡಿದ್ದರಲ್ಲಿ ಕೋರ್ಟು ಖರ್ಚು, ಲಾಯರ ಫೀಜು, ದಾರಿ ಖರ್ಚು ಸಹಾ ಸೇರಿ ೩,೦೦೦ ರೂಪಾಯಿವರಿಗೆ ಖರ್ಚಾದ್ದು ಹೊರ್ತು ಇವನ ಸ್ವಂತ ವ್ಯವಸಾಯಗಳೂ ಗೃಹಕೃತ್ಯ ಸಹಾ ನೋಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳಲು ಅನುಕೂಲ ತಪ್ಪಿ ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರನು ಭಾರಿ ಸಾಲಗಾರನಾಗಿರುತ್ತಾನೆ.

೬ ಈ ವ್ಯಾಜ್ಯಕ್ಕೆ ಕಾರಣವಾದ ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನಗಳಿಗೆ ಯಾವ ವಿಧವಾಗಿಯೂ ಏನೂ ಸಂಬಂಧ ಪಡದ ಶ್ರೀರಂಗಪಟ್ಟಣದ ರಾಮಾನುಜೈಯ್ಯಂಗಾರ್ರು ಯಂಬುವನು ತಾನು ದೇವರ ಪೂಜಾರಿಯಂತ ಸುಳ್ಳಾಗಿ ಅರ್ಜಿ ಕೊಟ್ಟ. ಇದರಮೇಲೆ ತನಿಖೆ ಅಮಲ್ ನಡದಿದ್ದಾಗಿಯೂ ಲೋಕೆಲ್ ಆಫೀಸರು ಮಾಡಿದ ರಿಪೋರ್ಟು ಮೇಲೆ ಮುಜರಾಯಿ ಇಲಾಖೆಯವರು ಕಂದಾಯ ದಾಖಲಾದ ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ಜಮೀನುಗಳ ಕಂದಾಯ ತಪ್ಪಿಸಿ ಪುನಃ ಇದನ್ನೆ ಇನಾಂ ಜಮೀರ್ಗಳನ್ನಾಗಿ ಮಾಡಿ ದೇವರಿಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟು ಇರುವದಾಗಿಯೂ ಮತ್ತು ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರನು ೧೪೯೦ ನೆ ಇಸವಿಯಲಾಗಾಯಿತು ೧೯೦೫ ನೆ ಇಸವಿವರಿಗೆ ಸಾಲೀಯಾನ (ಮೂವತ್ತು) ೩೦ ಖಂಡಿ ಭತ್ತದಂತೆ (ಇಪ್ಪತ್ತೈದು) ೨೫ ವರುಷಗಳಿಗೆ ಆಗುವ ಗತಫಸಲ್ (ಏಳನೂರ ಐವತ್ತು) ೭೫೦ ಖಂಡಿ ಭತ್ತ ಅಥವಾ ಅನರ ಖರೀದಿ ೩,೭೫೦ ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳು ಕೊಡಬೇಕೆಂತಲೂ ಆರ್ಡರ್ ಮಾಡಿರುವದಾಗಿ ಈಚೆಗೆ ತಿಳಿಯಬರುತ್ತೆ. ಇದೆಲ್ಲಾ ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರನ ತಿಳುವಳಿಕೆ ಅಥವಾ ಯಾವದೊಂದು ನೋಟೀಸ್ ಸಹಾ ಇಲ್ಲದೆ ಯಕ್ಸ್ ಪಾರ್ಟಿಯಾಗಿ ಆಗಿಯಿರುತ್ತೆ.

೭ ಮೇಲೆ ಕಂಡ ಆರ್ಡರು ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಹೇಳಿರುವ ಕಾರಣಗಳಿಂದ ರೆವಿನ್ಯೂ ಮುಜರಾಯಿ ರೂಲ್ಸಿಗೂ ಮತ್ತು ವಾಸ್ತವವಾದ ನಡವಳಿಕೆಗಳಿಗೂ ವಿರೋಧವಾಗಿ ಇರುವದರಿಂದ ಅದನ್ನು ರದ್ದು ಪಡಿಸುವಂತೆ ಅಥವಾ ಸೂಕ್ತ ತೋರಿದರೆ ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರನ ಸಮಕ್ಷಮ ಕ್ರಮವಾದ ತನಿಖೆಯಿಂದ ಪೈಸಲ್ ಮಾಡಲು ಕೆಳಕೋರ್ಟಿಗೆ ಕೆಳುಹಿಸಬೇಕೆಂದು ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರನ ಪ್ರಾರ್ಥನೆ.

೧ ಇನಾಂ ಸೆಟ್ಲ್ಮೆಂಟ್ ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ಈ ಜಮೀರ್ಗಳಿಗೆ ಪೂರಾ ಕಂದಾಯ ದಾಖಲಾಗಿರುವದರಿಂದ ರೆವಿನ್ಯೂ ತರೀಫು ರೆವಿನ್ಯೂ ಕೋಡು ಮತ್ತು ರೆವಿನ್ಯೂ ರೂಲ್ಸಿಗೆ ಅನುಸಾರವಾಗಿ ಜಮೀರ್ ಅನುಭವದಾರನಾದ ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರನ ಸಮಕ್ಷಮ ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರನ ಉದಾಹರಣೆ ಮತ್ತು ಇವನ ತರಫು ಸಾಕ್ಷ್ಯ ಸಹಾ ತೆಗದುಕ್ಕೊಂಡು ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆಯಾಗತಕ್ಕದನ್ನಾ ಮುಜರಾಯಿ ತರಫ್ ಯಕ್ಸ್ಪಾರ್ಟಿಯಾಗಿ ಮಾಡಿದ ಆರ್ಡರು ನ್ಯಾಯಕ್ಕೆ ವಿರೋಧವಾಗಿದೆ.

೨ ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರನು ಈ ಜಮೀರ್ಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ಸಿವಲ್ ಕೋರ್ಟುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಫೈಸಲ್ ಮೂಲಕ ಪಡದುಕ್ಕೊಂಡು ಇರುವ ಹಕ್ಕು ಮತ್ತು ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರನಿಗೆ ಈ ಜಮೀರ್ಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ಇರುವ ಖರೀಂ ಸಾಗುವಳಿ ಹಕ್ಕೂ ಸಹಾ ರೆವಿನ್ಯೂ ತರಫ್ ಇವನ ಸಮಕ್ಷಮ ಕ್ರಮವಾದ ತನಿಖೆಯಿಂದ ತೀರ್ಮಾನವಾಗಿ ಅದರಮೇಲೆ ಅಪ್ಪೀಲ್ ಸೆಕೆಂಡ್ ಅಪ್ಪೀಲ್ ಸಹಾ ಮಾಡತಕ್ಕ ಹಕ್ಕು ತಪ್ಪುವಂತೆ ಮುಜರಾಯಿ ತರಫ್ ಯಕ್ಸ್ಪಾರ್ಟಿಯಾಗಿ ಮಾಡಿದ ಆರ್ಡರು ಅಕ್ರಮ.

೩ ವಿವಾದದ ಜಮೀರ್ಗಳಿಗೆ ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರನು ಗುತ್ತಿಗೆ ಕೊಡತಕ್ಕದ್ದೆಂದು ತೀರ್ಮಾನವಾಗಬೇಕಾದ ಸಂದರ್ಭದಲ್ಲೂ ಈಗಿನ ಕಾಲ ಧರ್ಮಕ್ಕೆ ತಕ್ಕಂತೆ ಜಮೀರ್ಗಳಿಗೆ ಗುತ್ತಿಗೆ ವಿಧಾಯಕ ಮಾಡೋಣ—ರೆವಿನ್ಯೂ ತರಫ್ ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರನ ಸಮಕ್ಷಮ ಸಾಕ್ಷ್ಯ ತೆಗೆದುಕ್ಕೊಂಡು ರೆವಿನ್ಯೂ ಕೋರ್ಟ್ನವರು ತೀರ್ಮಾನಿಸಿ ಅದರಮೇಲೆ ಅಪ್ಪೀಲ್ ಸೆಕೆಂಡ್ ಅಪ್ಪೀಲ್ ವಗೈರೆ ಕ್ರಮ ಜರಗಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳಲು ರೆವಿನ್ಯೂ ಕೋಡು ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರನಿಗೆ ಇರುವ ದಾರಿಗಳನ್ನು ತಪ್ಪಿಸಿ ಮುಜರಾಯಿ ಇಲಾಖೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಏಕಪಕ್ಷ ತೀರ್ಮಾನಿಸಿದ್ದು ಅಕ್ರಮ.

೪ ದೇವರುಗಳೇ ಇಲ್ಲದೆ ಗುಡಿಗಳು ಪಾಳಾಗಿ ಭಕ್ತಾದಿಗಳೇ ಇಲ್ಲದೆ ಇರುವಾಗ್ಯೆ ಇನಾಂ ಸೆಟ್ಲ್ಮೆಂಟನವರು ನಂತರಾ ರೆವಿನ್ಯೂ ಸರ್ವೆ ಇಲಾಖೆಯವರು ಸಹಾ ಕಂದಾಯ ದಾಖಲ್ಮಾಡಿ ಇರುವ ಜಮೀನುಗಳಿಗೆ ಕಂದಾಯ ತಪ್ಪಿಸಿ ಇನಾಮತಿಯಾಗಿ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದು ಯಾರ ಪ್ರಯೋಜನಕ್ಕೆ ಎಂಬುವದು ಯೋಚಿಸದಂತೆ ಕಾಣುವದಿಲ್ಲ ಮತ್ತು ಇದು ಮುಜರಾಯಿ ಇಲಾಖೆಯ ಮೂಲಕ ನಡೆಯತಕ್ಕದ್ದೂ ಅಲ್ಲ.

೫ ಯಾವ ದೇವರಿಗಾಗಿ ಇನಾಂ ಕೊಡಲ್ಪಟ್ಟಿತ್ತೋ ಆ ದೇವರೆ ಇಲ್ಲದಿರುವಾಗ್ಯೆ ಬೇರೆ ಸ್ಥಳದಲ್ಲಿ ಇತರರು ಸ್ಥಾಪಿಸಿದ ದೇವರಿಗೆ ಈ ಜಮೀನು ಇನಾಮಾಗಿ ಈಗ ಮುಜರಾಯಿ ಇಲಾಖೆಯವರು ಕೊಟ್ಟಂತೆ ಆಗಿ ಇದೆ. ಇದರ ವಾಸ್ತವ್ಯಸ್ಥಿತಿ ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರನಿಗೆ ಗೋಚರವಾಗದಂತೆ ಯಕ್ಸ್ ಪಾರ್ಟಿಯಾಗಿ ನಡದ್ದರಿಂದಾ ರೆವಿನ್ಯೂ ಆಫೀಸರು ಸ್ಥಳ ತನಿಖೆ ಮಾಡಿದ ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ರಾಮಾನುಜೈಯ್ಯಂಗಾರ್ರು ನಡೆಸಿದ ಮೋಸವನ್ನು ರೆವಿನ್ಯೂ ಆಫೀಸರವರಿಗೆ ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರ ತೋರ್ಪಡಿಸಲು ಅವಕಾಶವಿಲ್ಲದೇ ಹೋಯಿತು.

೬ ಈ ಜಮೀರ್ಗಳನ್ನು ಅಪಹರಿಸಿದ ಈ ಜಮೀರ್ದಾರನ ಮೇಲೆ ಇತರರು ಸಿವಲ್ ಕೋರ್ಟ್ನಲ್ಲಿ ನಡೆಸಿದ ದುರುವ್ಯಾಜ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರನಿಗೆ ಸಂಭವಿಸಿದ ನಷ್ಟ ಎಷ್ಟಾಗಿವೆ ಇದನ್ನು ಯಾರು ಕೊಡಬೇಕು ಎಂಬ ವಿಷಯವಾಗಲಿ ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರ ೮೦ ನೆ ಇಸವಿಲಾಗಾಯಿತು ತಾಹಲವರಿಗೆ ಕಂದಾಯ ಕೊಡುತ್ತಾ ೨೫ ವರುಷಕಾಲ ಜಮೀರ್ಗಳನ್ನು ಅನುಭವಿಸಿರುವದರಿಂದ ಇವನಿಗೆ ಉಂಟಾಗಿರುವ ಹಕ್ಕು ಯಂಥಾದ್ದು. ಲಿಮಿಟೇರ್ಡ್ ಲಾ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಇವನಿಂದ ಜಮೀರ್ ಬಿಡಿಸಲು ಅವಕಾಶವಿಧೆಯೆಯಂಬ ವಿಷಯ ಮುಜರಾಯಿ ಇಲಾಖೆಯವರು ಯೋಚಿಸಲಿಲ್ಲ.

ನಂಜಿಜೀವಕರಯ್ಯ—

Ref Instrument

34

3-12-1906

33

3-12-1906

Refer

7/12/06

2

3-12-906

ಕೋರ್ಟ್ ... ರಿಜಿಸ್ಟ್ರೇಷನ್ ನಂ.

ಸ್ಟ್ಯಾಂಪ್ ... ನಂಬರು.

ಪ್ಲೇಂಟಿಫ್ ... ಪ್ರತಿವಾದಿ

ನಾಗಪ್ಪ ... }ಸ{ ...

1 ಕೆಳಗೆ ರುಜುಮಾಡುವ ... ಇವರಿಂದ ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ಮೊಕದ್ದಮೆಯನ್ನು ... ಪರವಾಗಿ ಆಜ್ಞೆರುವರಿವಿಗೂ ವಿವಾದಜ್ಞರಿಗಿಸರಿಕ್ಕೆ ಮಿಸ್ಟರ್ ... ರಿಗೆ ವಕಾಲತ್ತು ಕೊಟ್ಟಿದ್ದೇನೆ.

2 ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ಮೊಕದ್ದಮೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ... ಪರವಾಗಿ ಆಗುವಮಲ್ಲಾವಿಧವಾದ ಆರ್ಡರನ್ನು, ಡಿಕ್ರಿಯನ್ನು ಜಾರೀಮಾಡಿ, ಹಣ ವಸೂಲುಮಾಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವದಕ್ಕೂ ಬಂದಪಡಿಸಿಕ್ಕೆ ರಶೀತಿಕೊಡುವದಕ್ಕೂ ಕೋರ್ಟಿನಿಂದ ರೀಫಂಡಾದ ಸ್ಟ್ಯಾಂಪನ್ನು ವಾಪಸು ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳುವದಕ್ಕೂ ಮತ್ತು ದಸ್ತಾವಜುಗಳನ್ನು ವಾಪಸು ವಡಿಯಲಕ್ಕು ಸದರಿಇವರಿಂದನಿಮಗೆ ಸಂಪೂರ್ಣವಾದಅಧಿಕಾರ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿದ್ದೇನೆ.

3 ಈ ಅದಾರವನೋಲೆ ನೀವಾಗಲಿ ಮತ್ತು ನಿಮಗೋಸ್ಕರ ಮತ್ಯಾವ ಆಯರಾಗಲಿ ಮಾಡುವ ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಕೆಲಸಗಳನ್ನು ... ಇದ್ದು ನಡಿಸಿದಂತ ವಪ್ಪಿಕ್ಕೊಳ್ಳಲು ಬದ್ಧನಾಗಿ ಈಕೆಳಗೆ ರುಜು ಮಾಡಿದ್ದೇನೆ.

ಸಂತಿಶೇನಾಕಲ್ಲು

ಒಪ್ಪಿದೇನೆ. ಕಕ್ಷಿಗಾರನು ಬಲ್ಲವನಾಗಿದಾನೆ.

ನನ್ನ ಸಮಕ್ಷಮ ರುಜುವಾಡಿದಾನೆ.

23-8-906

ಪ್ಲೀಡರ್. ಪ್ಲೀಡರ್.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೃಷ್ಣವಿಲಾಸ ಪ್ರಸ್. ಮೈಸೂರು.

COUPON TO BE RETAINED BY PAYEE.

Any letter here and communication to be recommended to add his name and address of the Payee.

Amount of Order Rs. 2 As. 0

Name of remitter [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

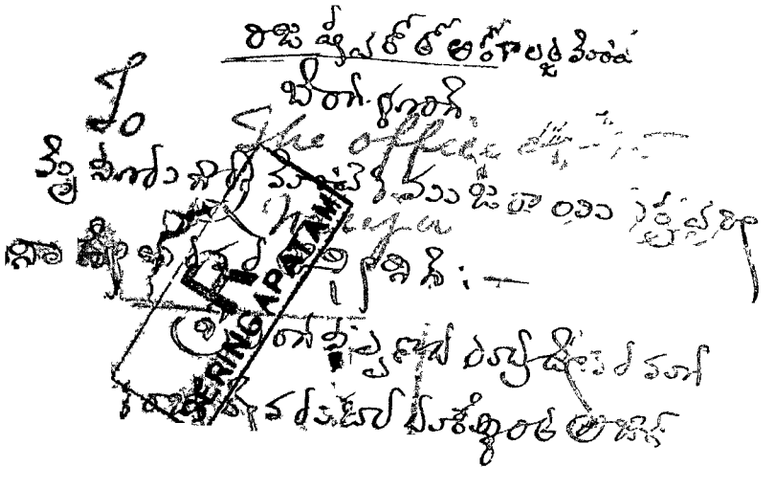
[COUPON]

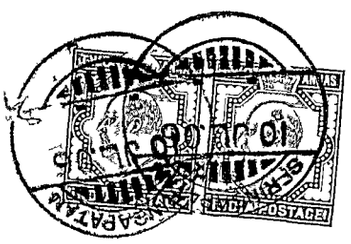
Before obtaining Payment of this Money Order the Payee must sign the receipt or acknowledgment and return the same to the Postman after cutting off this coupon. The coupon should be returned to him with the Payee's receipt. The Post Office is not responsible for the payment of a Money Order to a person other than the rightful Payee, if such wrong payment arises out of incorrectness or incompleteness of the name or address of the Payee as written on the Remitter's application. If the Payee of a Money Order cannot be found the amount of the Order will be returned to the Remitter. Postmen are strictly prohibited to accept any fee or gratification from Payees of Money Orders.

The commission payable on Inland Money Orders is as follows :—

		Annas.
On any sum not exceeding	.. Rs. 5	1
On any sum exceeding but not exceeding	.. „ 5 } „ 10 }	2
On any sum exceeding but not exceeding	.. „ 10 } „ 25 }	4
On any sum exceeding	.. „ 25	6

for each complete sum of Rs 25 and 4 annas for remainder, provided that, if the remainder do exceed Rs. 10 the charge for it is only 2 annas.





Muz. 25]

నం. 45 Dj 47-06

మైసూరు శ్రీమత్ మహారాజవరి గవర్నమెంటు ముజరాయి

Rev 2 Stamps

ఇలాబేసింద

తాల్లూకా ఆదికారిగళిగె.

శ్రీరంగపట్టణదల్లిరువ రుద్రదేవరవరమగనంచ్ హేరూరు సేవ

నిమ్మపేరుమేలిగె ఖాయిర్దాదిదేయాంబడ మేలె

దినాంక 24 నేయమర్థం 5036 నేయ నంబరీ అజీకవరియాంచినిలాయి

ళిళ్ళంతలాగిదిన్నరీళ్ళిరువాగ 1906 నేయ మాంత్రిక్ 15 నే

మర్థం 3932 నేయ ఆడ్డారు ఇంగ్లీషినల్లిరువ పట్టాంద రన్వయదం

తెళ్ళిమేమాంతిరువుదు తిగువదిల్ల.

నిమ్మనిమ్మగె ఇంగ్లీషిన్లో రొవిన్యూ బిళిదు కొళ్ళువ

రొవిన్యూ శుల్కవు యన్నేమనియమాడిరువుదరింద నీవు

నిమగె కళుహిసిరువ ఖాయిదెయన్వయ రొవిన్యూ శుల్కవన్ను

వసూలు మాడికొళ్ళువుదు. ఈ పత్ర

గంతె రండు రూపాయి 0-8-0 ఆణె బేలియల్లి నిమ్మ సహీయంచు 2

వాంశ్రీకెళు కొట్టిదె.

కార్యదర్శి,

వర్గ

Secretary

3

GPB—1,000—21-6-06

3/7/06

5036.

Presented by Mysore Pleader in Subba Rao

30th May 1907.

Mysore, Clear

1

2

3 [illegible] (6-8-90)

4 [illegible] 1876

(ಅ) ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯು ———

ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯು ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯು ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯು ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯು

"ಸಹೋದರ ಸಹೋದರಿಯರೇ ಪ್ರಿಯ ಸ್ನೇಹಿತರೇ

ಯೇಸು ಕ್ರಿಸ್ತನ ನಾಮದಲ್ಲಿ ನಮಸ್ಕಾರ

ಇಂದು ನಾವು 2 ಕ್ರಿಸ್ತನ ಶ್ರೀಮಂತಿಕೆ

ಫ. ಅಧ್ಯಾಯ ಶ್ಲೋಕ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗಳಿಂದ ಕಲಿಯೋಣ"

ಸಹೋದರ ಸಹೋದರಿಯರೇ ಪ್ರಿಯ ಸ್ನೇಹಿತರೇ

ಯೇಸು ಕ್ರಿಸ್ತನ ನಾಮದಲ್ಲಿ ನಮಸ್ಕಾರ

ಇಂದು ನಾವು 2 ಕ್ರಿಸ್ತನ ಶ್ರೀಮಂತಿಕೆ

ಫ. ಅಧ್ಯಾಯ ಶ್ಲೋಕ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗಳಿಂದ ಕಲಿಯೋಣ"

ಸಹೋದರ ಸಹೋದರಿಯರೇ ಪ್ರಿಯ ಸ್ನೇಹಿತರೇ

ಯೇಸು ಕ್ರಿಸ್ತನ ನಾಮದಲ್ಲಿ ನಮಸ್ಕಾರ

ಇಂದು ನಾವು 2 ಕ್ರಿಸ್ತನ ಶ್ರೀಮಂತಿಕೆ

ಫ. ಅಧ್ಯಾಯ ಶ್ಲೋಕ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗಳಿಂದ ಕಲಿಯೋಣ"

ಸಹೋದರ ಸಹೋದರಿಯರೇ ಪ್ರಿಯ ಸ್ನೇಹಿತರೇ

ಯೇಸು ಕ್ರಿಸ್ತನ ನಾಮದಲ್ಲಿ ನಮಸ್ಕಾರ

ಇಂದು ನಾವು 2 ಕ್ರಿಸ್ತನ ಶ್ರೀಮಂತಿಕೆ

ಫ. ಅಧ್ಯಾಯ ಶ್ಲೋಕ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗಳಿಂದ ಕಲಿಯೋಣ"

ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ: ಕೆಆರ್‌ಐಡಿಎಲ್/ಕಾಮ/ಟೆಂ/ಕಾಮಗಾರಿ/೨೦೨೫-೨೬/೧೨೩೪

ದಿನಾಂಕ: ೧೫.೦೩.೨೦೨೫

ಟೆಂಡರ್ ಸೂಚನೆ

ಕೆಆರ್‌ಐಡಿಎಲ್ ಮೂಲಕ ಕೈಗೊಳ್ಳಲಾಗುವ ಕಾಮಗಾರಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಅರ್ಹ ಮತ್ತು ನೋಂದಾಯಿತ ಗುತ್ತಿಗೆದಾರರಿಂದ ಮೊಹರು ಮಾಡಿದ ಟೆಂಡರ್‌ಗಳನ್ನು ಆಹ್ವಾನಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಟೆಂಡರ್ ದಾಖಲೆಗಳನ್ನು ಕಚೇರಿ ಕೆಲಸದ ದಿನಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಬೆಳಿಗ್ಗೆ ೧೦.೩೦ ರಿಂದ ಸಂಜೆ ೫.೩೦ ರವರೆಗೆ ಪಡೆಯಬಹುದು.

ಕ್ರ.ಸಂ. ಕಾಮಗಾರಿಯ ಹೆಸರು ಅಂದಾಜು ಮೊತ್ತ (₹) ಇಎಂಡಿ (₹) ಪೂರ್ಣಗೊಳಿಸಬೇಕಾದ ಅವಧಿ

೧ ಕೆರೆ ಹೂಳೆತ್ತುವುದು ಮತ್ತು ಏರಿ ಬಲಪಡಿಸುವುದು, ಹಿರೇಕೆರೆ ೪೮,೫೦,೦೦೦ ೯೭,೦೦೦ ೯೦ ದಿನಗಳು

೨ ಸಿಮೆಂಟ್ ಕಾಂಕ್ರೀಟ್ ರಸ್ತೆ ನಿರ್ಮಾಣ, ಚಿಕ್ಕಬೆಟ್ಟ ಗ್ರಾಮದಿಂದ ಮುಖ್ಯರಸ್ತೆ ೧೨,೭೫,೦೦೦ ೨೫,೫೦೦ ೬೦ ದಿನಗಳು

೩ ಸಮುದಾಯ ಭವನ ನಿರ್ಮಾಣ, ಹೊಸಪೇಟೆ ಕಾಲೋನಿ ೩೬,೦೦,೦೦೦ ೭೨,೦೦೦ ೧೨೦ ದಿನಗಳು

೪ ಕುಡಿಯುವ ನೀರಿನ ಪೈಪ್‌ಲೈನ್ ವಿಸ್ತರಣೆ, ೧೦ ಕಿ.ಮೀ. ೨೨,೦೦,೦೦೦ ೪೪,೦೦೦ ೯೦ ದಿನಗಳು

೫ ಅಂಗನವಾಡಿ ಕಟ್ಟಡ ದುರಸ್ತಿ, ಕೆಂಪಾಪುರ ೩,೮೦,೦೦೦ ೭,೬೦೦ ೩೦ ದಿನಗಳು

ಷರತ್ತುಗಳು:

೧. ಟೆಂಡರ್‌ದಾರರು ಕಾಮಗಾರಿಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ ಅನುಭವ ಪ್ರಮಾಣಪತ್ರಗಳನ್ನು ಲಗತ್ತಿಸಬೇಕು.

೨. ಇಎಂಡಿ ಮೊತ್ತವನ್ನು ಡಿಡಿ ರೂಪದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಬೇಕು. ನಗದು ರೂಪದಲ್ಲಿ ಸ್ವೀಕರಿಸಲಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.

೩. ಅಪೂರ್ಣ ಅಥವಾ ತಡವಾಗಿ ಬಂದ ಟೆಂಡರ್‌ಗಳನ್ನು ಪರಿಗಣಿಸಲಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.

೪. ಕಾರ್ಯನಿರ್ವಾಹಕ ಎಂಜಿನಿಯರ್ ಅವರು ಯಾವುದೇ ಟೆಂಡರ್ ಅನ್ನು ಕಾರಣ ನೀಡದೆ ತಿರಸ್ಕರಿಸುವ ಹಕ್ಕನ್ನು ಕಾಯ್ದಿರಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ.

ಕಾರ್ಯನಿರ್ವಾಹಕ ಎಂಜಿನಿಯರ್
ಕೆಆರ್‌ಐಡಿಎಲ್, ಹಿರೇಕೆರೆ ವಿಭಾಗ

[illegible]

1 [illegible]

[illegible]

2 [illegible]

[illegible]

3 [illegible]

[illegible]

4 [illegible]

[illegible]

8 [illegible]

[illegible] 91 [illegible] 1315

2 [illegible]

"[illegible]"

[illegible] 93 [illegible] 42

[illegible]

[illegible] 93-94 [illegible] 1937

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] [illegible]

1 [illegible] [illegible] -94-
[illegible] [illegible] 2
[illegible]

2 [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

9 [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] -84-
[illegible] 93-95-96
[illegible]

10

30-5-1967

11

20

G.R.S. 29A]

190 .

From

Secy. to the Govt of His Highness
The Maharaja of Mysore,
Genl. and Rev. Dept.

To The Inam Superintt
in Mysore

Dated

Despatched

Received

General No.

No.

ENCLOSURE NO.

With reference to his rc
No 87 dt April 1905, forwarding
a copy of the Inam Register
containing the Grant
of the inam lands to Pandu
ranga Someswara
other temples at Ganjam
in the Seeranga patam
Taluk, have the honor
to request that the entire
original records relating
to the resumption of

these lands may be
forwarded to this office
for reference at an
early date.

BO

Per

for Secretary

ಕಡೆಲವರಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲವರು ಮಂತ್ರಾಲಯಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದು
ಶ್ರೀಮಠದಲ್ಲಿ ಅವರ ಕೆಲಸಗಳನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿಕೊಂಡು
ಹೋಗುತ್ತಿದ್ದರು. ಶಿಂದೆ ಮತ್ತು ಹೋಳ್ಕರ ಮನೆತನ
ಬೆಳೆದು ಬಂದ ಬಗೆಯನ್ನು ಮುಂದಿನ ಪೀಠಿಕೆಯಲ್ಲಿ
ಕಾಣಬಹುದು. ಮಂತ್ರಾಲಯದ ಮಠಾಧಿಪತಿಗಳಾಗಿ
ಬಂದ ಯತಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲವರು ಮಾತ್ರ ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತ
ಪಂಡಿತರಾಗಿದ್ದರು. ಉಳಿದವರು ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತ ಪಂಡಿತರ
ಸಹಾಯದಿಂದ ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತ ಗ್ರಂಥಗಳನ್ನು ಅಭ್ಯಾಸ
ಮಾಡಿ ಪಾಂಡಿತ್ಯವನ್ನು ಗಳಿಸಿಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದರು.
ಮಠಾಧಿಪತಿಗಳಾಗಿ ಬಂದ ಯತಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲವರು
ಕನ್ನಡ ಭಾಷೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಕೃತಿಗಳನ್ನು ರಚಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ.
ಅವರಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಮುಖರಾದ ಮೂವರು ಯತಿಗಳ
ಕೃತಿಗಳನ್ನು ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಪರಿಚಯಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ.
ಅವರಲ್ಲಿ ಮೊದಲಿಗರು ಶ್ರೀ ಸುಧೀಂದ್ರತೀರ್ಥರು.
ಇವರು ಮಂತ್ರಾಲಯದ ಮಠಾಧಿಪತಿಗಳಾಗಿ
ಕ್ರಿ.ಶ. 1874-1875 ರಲ್ಲಿ ಸುಮಾರು
ಒಂದು ವರ್ಷ ಕಾಲ ಮಂತ್ರಾಲಯದಲ್ಲಿ ನೆಲೆಸಿದ್ದರು.
ಇವರು ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತ ಪಂಡಿತರಾಗಿದ್ದರು. ಇವರು
ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತದಲ್ಲಿ ಅನೇಕ ಗ್ರಂಥಗಳನ್ನು ರಚಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ.
ಅವರಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲವು ಗ್ರಂಥಗಳನ್ನು ಕನ್ನಡಕ್ಕೆ
ಅನುವಾದಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಇವರು ಕನ್ನಡದಲ್ಲಿ
ಕೆಲವು ಸ್ತೋತ್ರಗಳನ್ನು ರಚಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ.
ಇವರ ಕೃತಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲವು ಮುದ್ರಿತವಾಗಿವೆ.
ಕೆಲವು ಹಸ್ತಪ್ರತಿಗಳಾಗಿ ಉಳಿದಿವೆ.
ಇವರ ಕೃತಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲವು ಹಸ್ತಪ್ರತಿಗಳು
ಮಂತ್ರಾಲಯದ ಗ್ರಂಥಭಂಡಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಲಭ್ಯವಿವೆ.
ಇವರ ಕೃತಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲವು ಕೃತಿಗಳ ಪರಿಚಯ
ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನಂತಿದೆ.

ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತ

ಅಂಗಡಿಕಟ್ಟೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಾಣಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಅಪ್ಪಳಿಸಿದ ಕಾರಣ ಕಾರಿನ ಮಾಲೀಕರಾದ ಶ್ರೀ ಸಂಜೀವ ಪೂಜಾರಿ ಅವರಿಗೆ ಸೇರಿದ ಸುಮಾರು ರೂ. ೨೫೦೦೦/- ಮೌಲ್ಯದ ಕಾರು ಜಖಂಗೊಂಡಿರುತ್ತದೆ. ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ ಸದರಿ ಕಾರಿನ ಮಾಲೀಕರಿಗೆ ಪರಿಹಾರವನ್ನು ಕೊಡಿಸಿಕೊಡಲು ಕೋರಿ ಈ ದೂರನ್ನು ನೀಡಿರುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ ಈ ಅಪಘಾತಕ್ಕೆ ಕಾರಣರಾದ ಚಾಲಕನ ವಿರುದ್ಧ ಕಾನೂನು ರೀತ್ಯಾ ಕ್ರಮ ಜರುಗಿಸಲು ವಿನಂತಿ.

ಇಂತಿ ತಮ್ಮ ವಿಶ್ವಾಸಿ

ಸಂಜೀವ ಪೂಜಾರಿ

ಮೇಲಧಿಕಾರಿಯವರು ಅಂತಿಮ ಆಯ್ಕೆಪಟ್ಟಿಯನ್ನು ಸಿದ್ಧಪಡಿಸಿ ಅಂತಿಮ ಆಯ್ಕೆಪಟ್ಟಿಯನ್ನು ಪ್ರಕಟಿಸಿದ ನಂತರ ಆಯ್ಕೆಯಾದ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಪಟ್ಟ ಶಾಲೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಖಾಲಿ ಇರುವ ಹುದ್ದೆಗಳಿಗೆ ನೇಮಕಾತಿ ಆದೇಶವನ್ನು ನೀಡಲಾಗುವುದು. ಆಯ್ಕೆಯಾದ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಗಳು ಸಂಬಂಧಪಟ್ಟ ಶಾಲೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಹಾಜರಾಗಿ ಸೇವೆಗೆ ಸೇರಿಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕು. ಆಯ್ಕೆಯಾದ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಗಳು ಸೇವೆಗೆ ಸೇರಿಕೊಳ್ಳಲು ಯಾವುದೇ ಕಾರಣದಿಂದ ವಿಳಂಬ ಮಾಡಿದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಥವಾ ಸೇವೆಗೆ ಸೇರಿಕೊಳ್ಳದಿದ್ದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಂತಹ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಆಯ್ಕೆಯನ್ನು ರದ್ದುಪಡಿಸಿ ಮುಂದಿನ ಆಯ್ಕೆಪಟ್ಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿರುವ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಗಳನ್ನು ಆಯ್ಕೆಮಾಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳಲಾಗುವುದು. ಆಯ್ಕೆಯಾದ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಗಳು ಸೇವೆಗೆ ಸೇರಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವ ಸಮಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಬಂಧಪಟ್ಟ ಶಾಲೆಯ ಮುಖ್ಯೋಪಾಧ್ಯಾಯರಿಗೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಬೇಕಾದ ದಾಖಲೆಗಳ ವಿವರ ಈ ಕೆಳಕಂಡಂತಿದೆ:

1. ಆಯ್ಕೆಪಟ್ಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಸರಿರುವ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯ ಗುರುತಿನ ಚೀಟಿ
2. ಆಯ್ಕೆಪಟ್ಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಸರಿರುವ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯ ಭಾವಚಿತ್ರ
3. ಆಯ್ಕೆಪಟ್ಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಸರಿರುವ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯ ಜನ್ಮದಿನಾಂಕ ದೃಢೀಕರಣ ಪತ್ರ
4. ಆಯ್ಕೆಪಟ್ಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಸರಿರುವ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯ ಶೈಕ್ಷಣಿಕ ಅರ್ಹತೆಯ ಮೂಲ ಪ್ರಮಾಣಪತ್ರಗಳು
5. ಆಯ್ಕೆಪಟ್ಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಸರಿರುವ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯ ಜಾತಿ ಪ್ರಮಾಣಪತ್ರ (ಅನ್ವಯವಾಗುವುದಾದಲ್ಲಿ)
6. ಆಯ್ಕೆಪಟ್ಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಸರಿರುವ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯ ಆಧಾರ್ ಕಾರ್ಡ್ ಪ್ರತಿ
7. ಆಯ್ಕೆಪಟ್ಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಸರಿರುವ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯ ಪಾನ್ ಕಾರ್ಡ್ ಪ್ರತಿ
8. ಆಯ್ಕೆಪಟ್ಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಸರಿರುವ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್ ಪಾಸ್‌ಬುಕ್ ಪ್ರತಿ
9. ಆಯ್ಕೆಪಟ್ಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಸರಿರುವ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯ ಆರೋಗ್ಯ ಪ್ರಮಾಣಪತ್ರ
10. ಆಯ್ಕೆಪಟ್ಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಸರಿರುವ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯ ಪೊಲೀಸ್ ಪರಿಶೀಲನಾ ಪ್ರಮಾಣಪತ್ರ
11. ಆಯ್ಕೆಪಟ್ಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಸರಿರುವ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯ ಅನುಭವ ಪ್ರಮಾಣಪತ್ರ (ಅನ್ವಯವಾಗುವುದಾದಲ್ಲಿ)
12. ಆಯ್ಕೆಪಟ್ಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಸರಿರುವ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯ ಸ್ವಯಂ ಘೋಷಣಾ ಪತ್ರ

ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ದಾಖಲೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ನಂತರ ಆಯ್ಕೆಯಾದ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಪಟ್ಟ ಶಾಲೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಖಾಲಿ ಇರುವ ಹುದ್ದೆಗಳಿಗೆ ನೇಮಕಾತಿ ಆದೇಶವನ್ನು ನೀಡಲಾಗುವುದ

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] 1881 [illegible]
[illegible]
1881 [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]

J. 715

Misc 60 - 04

1908/09

From The Superintendent o
Inam settlements in
Mys

To The Secretary to the
. ment of His Hi
the Maharajah o
Dated 9th } Generale and A
Despatched 10th } D
Received June 1909

General No.
No. 97.

Enclosure No.

Stating that the only re
of enquiry is the Inam

Refer
My communication
Submit enclosure

4/11/09

No. 97

Inam Superintendent's office
Bangalore dated 9th/10th June 1909

From

The Superintendent of Inam Settle-
-ments in Mysore

To,

The Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of
Mysore General and Revenue
Departments.

Sir,

With reference to your docket No. 2019 / Inam F 50-1904 dated 29th May 1909 calling for the entire original records relating to the resumption of the Inam lands endowed to Pandurangaswara & other temples at Ganjam in the Seringapatam Taluk, I have the honor to state that the Inam Register is the only record on the subject. A copy of it was sent with this office docket No. 105 dated 7th April 1905. It will be highly inconvenient to send the original Inam Register as the book contains about 20 cases of other Inams of Kirangoor village.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant

D. Narasa Rao,
Superintendent Inam

1907

No. 1009

Name of Petitioner, Ramanujeiyar.

Village, Srirangapatana

Taluk, Do

District, Mysore

Date of Arzi, 11th December

Date of Receipt, 12th Do

Date of Disposal,

No. of Enclosure,

Early
Revr. Deptt
Hrn
19/12/09

VII Revr
24/12
HY

(Has not the Rte been submitted to Dewan?)

Nothing Place in file of this
Hy Receipt from the Dewan

ABSTRACT.

The petition
not clear - It
-ports to say a
the lessee of certain
Lands endowed to
the Sri Pandut
& other temples a
Srirangapatana is
about to dispose o
the lands & leave
the place & that
arrangements be
made to secure
of the arrears &
years pasts -
HR
13.12.09 W2

GBPM—11- 00

11-12-1909

No 15-11/1.

OFFICE OF THE PRIVATE SECRETARY
TO HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.
Mysore 15th Decr 1909

Petition as shown below, to His Highness the Maharaja, to be transferred to the Secretary to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, General and Revenue Department (Br: VII), Bangalore, for disposal.

No. 608 of 09-

Private Secretary
to H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore.

VII
VSB
1-10-09

- BR - Matter is misunderstood —

ಪ್ರ 683

ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ: ಸಿ ಆಸ್ಪತ್ರೆ/ಆಡಳಿತ/ಆಸ್ಪತ್ರೆ ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ ಸಮಿತಿ/ಸಭೆ/೨೦೦೯-೧೦ ಕಚೇರಿ ಆಸ್ಪತ್ರೆ ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ ಸಮಿತಿ ಸಭೆ ಕುರಿತು

ಸಭೆಯ ದಿನಾಂಕ, ಸಮಯ ಮತ್ತು ಸ್ಥಳ

ಸಭೆಯ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷತೆಯನ್ನು ವಹಿಸಿದವರ ಹೆಸರು

ಸಭೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಹಾಜರಿದ್ದವರ ಹೆಸರು ಮತ್ತು ಹುದ್ದೆ

ಸಭೆಯ ಕಾರ್ಯಸೂಚಿ

ಸಭೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಚರ್ಚಿಸಿದ ವಿಷಯಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಂಡ ನಿರ್ಣಯಗಳು

ಸಭೆಯ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರ ಅನುಮತಿಯೊಂದಿಗೆ ಸಭೆಯನ್ನು ಮುಕ್ತಾಯಗೊಳಿಸಿದ ಸಮಯ

ಸಭೆಯ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರ ಸಹಿ

ಸಭೆಯ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಯ ಸಹಿ

ઉપરોક્ત વિષયે જણાવવાનું કે આપ સાહેબશ્રીની કચેરી દ્વારા તા.૨૭/૦૬/૨૦૧૯ ના રોજ
પત્રથી જણાવવામાં આવેલ કે આપના વિસ્તારમાં આવેલ ગામોમાં ગ્રામ પંચાયત
કચેરીમાં ઓનલાઈન સેવાઓ ચાલુ કરવા માટે ગ્રામ પંચાયત કચેરીમાં
કોમ્પ્યુટર, પ્રિન્ટર, ઈન્ટરનેટ કનેક્શન, ઈલેક્ટ્રીસીટી તથા ફર્નીચરની
વ્યવસ્થા કરવા જણાવેલ છે. જે અન્વયે આપ સાહેબશ્રીને જણાવવાનું કે
ગ્રામ પંચાયત કચેરીમાં ઓનલાઈન સેવાઓ ચાલુ કરવા માટે ગ્રામ પંચાયત
કચેરીમાં કોમ્પ્યુટર, પ્રિન્ટર, ઈન્ટરનેટ કનેક્શન, ઈલેક્ટ્રીસીટી તથા
ફર્નીચરની વ્યવસ્થા કરવા બાબત. —— પા.ગ્રામ્ય નિર્માણ સમુદાય પાર્થિવ

૨૭-૬-૨૦૧૯

OFFICE OF THE PRIVATE SECRETARY TO
HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.

Bangalore, the 10th September 1909.

No. 663/1

The file was sent to the Dewan. Put up short note & submit in connection

13/9/09

Petition as shown below, to His Highness the Maharaja, to be transferred to the Secretary to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, General and Revenue Department (Pr: VII), Bangalore, for disposal.

No. 296

No. 545

No. 7/9/07

ડી.ડી. માસ્તાના, મહેળાવ-૩૮૭૬૨૦

મુખ્ય વાર્તાકેંદ્રો, ટૂંકાગામડાંઓ, મોટા ઔદ્યોગિકવિસ્તારો અને ઉપનગરોમાં ટેલિફોન સેવા ઉપલબ્ધ કરાવવા માટે ટેલિફોન એક્સચેંજ સ્થાપવામાં આવ્યાં છે. આ એક્સચેંજોમાં ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણોની જોડણી કરવા માટે ટેલિફોન કેબલ નાખવામાં આવ્યા છે. આ કેબલ ટેલિફોન એક્સચેંજથી જુદા જુદા વિસ્તારોમાં જાય છે. આ કેબલમાં ઘણી જોડી તાર હોય છે. આ તારોની જોડીને ડી.પી. કહેવામાં આવે છે. ડી.પી. ઉપરથી ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણોને જોડવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણોને ડી.પી. સાથે જોડવા માટે ડ્રોપ વાયરનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ડ્રોપ વાયર ડી.પી. ઉપરથી ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સુધી જાય છે. ડ્રોપ વાયર ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે જોડવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ડ્રોપ વાયર જોડવા માટે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણની નજીક હોય છે. ટર્મિનલ બોક્સમાં ડ્રોપ વાયરને જોડવા માટે સ્ક્રૂ હોય છે. ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે જોડવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે સ્ક્રૂનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે સ્ક્રૂ ડ્રાઇવરનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે સ્ક્રૂ ડ્રાઇવર ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો ચપ્પુનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ચપ્પુનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ચપ્પુ ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો દાંતિયાનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે દાંતિયાનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે દાંતિયા ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો ચાવીનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ચાવીનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ચાવી ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો આંગળીનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે આંગળીનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે આંગળી ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો પગનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે પગનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે પગ ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો માથાનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે માથાનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે માથા ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો ખભાનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ખભાનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ખભા ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો કોણીનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે કોણીનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે કોણી ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો ઘૂંટણનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ઘૂંટણનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ઘૂંટણ ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો પીઠનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે પીઠનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે પીઠ ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો પેટનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે પેટનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે પેટ ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો છાતીનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે છાતીનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે છાતી ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો ગળાનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ગળાનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ગળા ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો કાનનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે કાનનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે કાન ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો નાકનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે નાકનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે નાક ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો આંખનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે આંખનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે આંખ ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો મોઢાનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે મોઢાનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે મોઢા ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો વાળનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે વાળનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે વાળ ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો ટાલનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ટાલનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ટાલ ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો ટોપીનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ટોપીનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ટોપી ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો પાઘડીનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે પાઘડીનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે પાઘડી ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો રૂમાલનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે રૂમાલનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે રૂમાલ ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો ગમછાનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ગમછાનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ગમછા ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો ધોતિયાનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ધોતિયાનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ધોતિયા ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો લૂંગીનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે લૂંગીનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે લૂંગી ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો પેન્ટનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે પેન્ટનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે પેન્ટ ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો ચડ્ડીનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ચડ્ડીનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ચડ્ડી ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો બનિયનનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે બનિયનનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે બનિયન ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો શર્ટનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે શર્ટનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે શર્ટ ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો કોટનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે કોટનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે કોટ ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો જાકીટનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે જાકીટનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે જાકીટ ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો સ્વેટરનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે સ્વેટરનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે સ્વેટર ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો ગંજીનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ગંજીનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ગંજી ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો ઉઘાડા શરીરનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ઉઘાડા શરીરનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ઉઘાડા શરીર ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો ચામડીનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ચામડીનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ચામડી ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો માંસનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે માંસનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે માંસ ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો હાડકાનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે હાડકાનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે હાડકા ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો મજ્જાનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે મજ્જાનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે મજ્જા ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો આત્માનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે આત્માનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે આત્મા ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો પરમાત્માનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે પરમાત્માનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે પરમાત્મા ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો શૂન્યનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે શૂન્યનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે શૂન્ય ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો અનંતનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે અનંતનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે અનંત ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો ઉપરોક્ત બધાનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ઉપરોક્ત બધાનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ઉપરોક્ત બધા ઉપલબ્ધ ન હોય તો ઉપરોક્ત કોઈનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ઉપરોક્ત કોઈનો ઉપયોગ કરવામાં આવે છે. ટેલિફોન ઉપકરણ સાથે ટર્મિનલ બોક્સ જોડવા માટે ઉપરોક્ત કોઈ

1909.

No. 379

Name of Petitioner, Srinivasa Murthia

Village, Seringapatam

Taluk, Do

District, Mysore

Date of Arzi, 15 June 09

Date of Receipt, Do

Date of disposal,

No. of Enclosure,

ABSTRACT

Prayer
the early dis
of the questions
now pending in
Mysore Departt
in regard to the
lease of the
endowed to Somes
wara & Any
temples at Sering
patam and the
recovery of the
Gutta amount
due thereon
BR
15. 6. 09.

15/6.09.

No379

[illegible]

ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ: ಪಿಸಿಆರ್/ಸಿಆರ್ಎಂ/ಎಸ್ಸಿಪಿ-೧೨೩/೨೦೨೩-೨೪

ಪೊಲೀಸ್ ಮಹಾನಿರೀಕ್ಷಕರು (ಸಿಐಡಿ)
ಮತ್ತು ಪೊಲೀಸ್ ಮಹಾನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರು (ಕಾರಾಗೃಹಗಳು)
ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ರಾಜ್ಯ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.

ಪೊಲೀಸ್ ಮಹಾನಿರೀಕ್ಷಕರು (ಸಿಐಡಿ) ಮತ್ತು ಪೊಲೀಸ್ ಮಹಾನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರು (ಕಾರಾಗೃಹಗಳು) ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ರಾಜ್ಯ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಇವರ ಕಛೇರಿಯ ಸುತ್ತೋಲೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ: ಪಿಸಿಆರ್/ಸಿಆರ್ಎಂ/ಎಸ್ಸಿಪಿ-೧೨೩/೨೦೨೩-೨೪ ದಿನಾಂಕ ೧೪.೦೩.೨೦೨೪ ರಲ್ಲಿ ಹೊರಡಿಸಲಾದ ಸೂಚನೆಗಳ ಪ್ರಕಾರ, ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ರಾಜ್ಯದ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಜಿಲ್ಲಾ ಕಾರಾಗೃಹಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಉಪ-ಕಾರಾಗೃಹಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಬಂಧಿತರಾಗಿರುವ ಕೈದಿಗಳ ಪುನರ್ವಸತಿ ಮತ್ತು ಸಮಾಜಮುಖಿ ಪುನರ್ಮಿಲನ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮಗಳ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಸಮಾಜ ಕಲ್ಯಾಣ ಇಲಾಖೆಯ ಸಹಯೋಗದೊಂದಿಗೆ ಕೈಗೊಳ್ಳಲಾಗಿರುವ ಕ್ರಮಗಳ ಕುರಿತು ಈ ಕೆಳಕಂಡಂತೆ ಮಾಹಿತಿಯನ್ನು ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಲು ಸೂಚಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ.

೧. ಕಾರಾಗೃಹಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಪಡೆಯುತ್ತಿರುವ ಕೈದಿಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಮತ್ತು ಅವರಿಗೆ ಒದಗಿಸಲಾಗಿರುವ ಶೈಕ್ಷಣಿಕ ಸೌಲಭ್ಯಗಳ ವಿವರ.

೨. ಕೈದಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯಾಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ ತರಬೇತಿ ನೀಡಲು ಸ್ಥಾಪಿಸಲಾಗಿರುವ ಘಟಕಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ, ಅವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ತರಬೇತಿ ಪಡೆದವರ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಮತ್ತು ಅವರಲ್ಲಿ ಬಿಡುಗಡೆಯಾದ ನಂತರ ಸ್ವಯಂ ಉದ್ಯೋಗ ಕೈಗೊಂಡವರ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ.

೩. ಕೈದಿಗಳ ಕುಟುಂಬಗಳಿಗೆ ಆರ್ಥಿಕ ನೆರವು ನೀಡಲು ಜಾರಿಯಲ್ಲಿರುವ ಯೋಜನೆಗಳ ವಿವರ ಮತ್ತು ಈ ಸೌಲಭ್ಯವನ್ನು ಪಡೆದ ಕುಟುಂಬಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ.

೪. ಮಾದಕ ವಸ್ತು ವ್ಯಸನಿಗಳಾಗಿರುವ ಕೈದಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಚಿಕಿತ್ಸೆ ಮತ್ತು ಪುನರ್ವಸತಿ ಕಲ್ಪಿಸಲು ಕೈಗೊಂಡಿರುವ ಕ್ರಮಗಳು.

೫. ಬಿಡುಗಡೆಯಾದ ಕೈದಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಉದ್ಯೋಗ ಕಲ್ಪಿಸಲು ಸಮಾಜ ಕಲ್ಯಾಣ ಇಲಾಖೆಯೊಂದಿಗೆ ಕೈಗೊಂಡಿರುವ ಸಮನ್ವಯ ಕ್ರಮಗಳು.

೬. ಕಾರಾಗೃಹಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಕೈದಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಕಲ್ಪಿಸಲಾಗಿರುವ ಮನರಂಜನಾ ಮತ್ತು ಕ್ರೀಡಾ ಸೌಲಭ್ಯಗಳ ವಿವರ.

೭. ಕೈದಿಗಳ ಮಾನಸಿಕ ಆರೋಗ್ಯ ಕಾಪಾಡಲು ಕೈಗೊಂಡಿರುವ ಕ್ರಮಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಮನೋವೈದ್ಯರ ಭೇಟಿಯ ವಿವರ.

೮. ಕೈದಿಗಳ ಮಕ್ಕಳಿಗೆ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಮತ್ತು ಪೋಷಣೆಗಾಗಿ ಕೈಗೊಂಡಿರುವ ವಿಶೇಷ ಕ್ರಮಗಳು.

೯. ಕಾರಾಗೃಹಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಕೈದಿಗಳಿಂದ ತಯಾರಿಸಲಾಗುವ ಉತ್ಪನ್ನಗಳ ವಿವರ ಮತ್ತು ಅವುಗಳ ಮಾರಾಟದಿಂದ ಬಂದ ಆದಾಯ.

೧೦. ಮೇಲಿನ ಅಂಶಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಜಿಲ್ಲಾವಾರು ಪ್ರಗತಿ ವರದಿಯನ್ನು ಈ ಕಛೇರಿಗೆ ಪ್ರತಿ ತ್ರೈಮಾಸಿಕಕ್ಕೊಮ್ಮೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಬೇಕು.

ಈ ಸುತ್ತೋಲೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ತಿಳಿಸಿರುವ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಅಂಶಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಸಮಗ್ರ ಮಾಹಿತಿಯನ್ನು ನಿಗದಿತ ನಮೂನೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸಿದ್ಧಪಡಿಸಿ, ಸಂಬಂಧಪಟ್ಟ ಜಿಲ್ಲಾ ಕಾರಾಗೃಹ ಅಧೀಕ್ಷಕರು ಮತ್ತು ಉಪ-ಕಾರಾಗೃಹ ಅಧೀಕ್ಷಕರು ಈ ಕಛೇರಿಗೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಬೇಕು. ಸಲ್ಲಿಕೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ವಿಳಂಬವಾದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಥವಾ ಅಪೂರ್ಣ ಮಾಹಿತಿ ಕಂಡುಬಂದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಬಂಧಪಟ್ಟ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ವಿರುದ್ಧ ಶಿಸ್ತು ಕ್ರಮ ಜರುಗಿಸಲಾಗುವುದು ಎಂಬುದನ್ನು ಗಮನಿಸಲು ಕೋರಿದೆ.

ಸಹಿ/-
(ಡಾ. ಸುಮಿತ್ರಾ ಕೃಷ್ಣಮೂರ್ತಿ ಹೆಗಡೆ)
ಪೊಲೀಸ್ ಮಹಾನಿರೀಕ್ಷಕರು (ಸಿಐಡಿ) ಮತ್ತು ಪೊಲೀಸ್ ಮಹಾನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರು (ಕಾರಾಗೃಹಗಳು)
ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ರಾಜ್ಯ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.

ॐ श्रीमद्भगवान् श्रीपारमेश्वरीनिवास सूर्यशिखाचार्यः

श्रीमान् सर्वज्ञतुल्यः कविरमलधियां चूडितीर्थप्रसिद्धः
शास्त्रे तर्के च मीमांसकगुरुरपि च यो धर्मशास्त्रेषु मान्यः।
यस्याज्ञां शीर्षदेशे वहति नृपवरो भक्तिनम्रो विनीतः
सोऽयं दानं ददौ वै विधिवदनुपमं भूमिमेतां द्विजेभ्यः॥

तस्मिन् वंशे प्रसूतः सकलगुणनिधिः श्रीमहेन्द्रादिवर्मा
यो दिग्जेता नृपाणां प्रथितपृथुयशाः शत्रुसैन्यान्तकारी।
तस्यासीत् पुत्रपौत्रः क्षितिपतिरमलः श्रीविजेन्द्रादिवर्मा
तस्मै दत्तं मयैतत् शिवपदनिलयं शासनं ताम्रपत्रे॥

ग्रामोऽयं वेदमित्रं सकलकृषिफलैः पूर्णसस्यैः समृद्धः
सीमा पूर्वे तु याम्ये तटिनि च विमले पश्चिमे शालवृक्षः।
उत्तरे क्षेत्रमार्गः सह जलनिधिना सर्वतः पूर्णरूपः
दत्तो विप्रेषु सम्यक् सह सलिलकुशैः ताम्रपात्रे विधानात्॥

ये पालयन्ति भूमिं दत्तां पूर्वैर्नृपैर्द्विजेभ्यः
ते स्वर्गलोकमाप्नुयुः सह पुण्यकर्मभिः।
ये हरन्ति भूमिं दत्तां पूर्वैर्नृपैर्द्विजेभ्यः
ते नरकं यान्ति सह पापकर्मभिः॥

स्वदत्तां परदत्तां वा यो हरेत वसुन्धराम्।
स विष्ठायां कृमिर्भूत्वा पितृभिः सह पच्यते॥

षष्टिवर्षसहस्राणि स्वर्गे तिष्ठति भूमिदः।
आच्छेत्ता चानुमन्ता च तान्येव नरके वसेत्॥

सर्वेषामेवमादीनि दानानि परिपालयन्।
पुण्यभाग्भवति राजा विपरीतं विनाशयन्॥

इति ताम्रपत्रलेखः समाप्तः।

Return
Dt: 16/7/910

A 109
M.7.104-10-10

[illegible]

[illegible]
1906- [illegible] G- [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]
1910 [illegible]

[illegible]
22-8-910

[illegible]
22/8/10

G.R.S. 28.]

File No.

Serial No.

Diary No. of letter replied to

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.
( )

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

, *the* 19

Date of issue 29.5.10

Signed by M R A S. Dept

READ—

Govt Pro. no 3932, 3932 A, 3932 dated 15th March 1906, restoring the inam tenure of the lands endowed to the Sri Anjaneya, Pandurangaa and Someswara temples built by Venkata Doss at Ganjam in the Seringapatam Tk,

~~ORDER THEREON.~~ No.

and directing that Nanje Devaru who was in possession of the lands should give such annual patta as may be reasonably fixed by the Deputy Commr

Petition no 2212 dated 24th Oct 1906 from Nanje Devaru

over

SUBJECT.

praying for a revision of the said Govt Order.

Order thereon :— No 2830-33 D / WWD 54-94 5.10

The grounds for review are chiefly two, viz (1) that Govt have, on the false and ex parte representation of certain interested persons who were unsuccessful in their attempts to dispossess petitioner Manje ~~Gowda~~ Devaru through the Civil Courts, directed the restoration of the Inam tenure of the land which had been resumed at the Inam enquiry and fully assessed in 1879, and that in consequence of that order, the right to the lands which he had acquired by long adverse possession and which had been upheld by judicial adjudication has been unjustly interfered with; and (2) that the temples for the benefit of which the inams have been restored are not in existence

2. The Govt observe that the Inam enure having been cancelled at the re-Settlement and the lands ordered registered in the name of the temples,

G.R.S. 27]

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

(Continuation Sheet draft form.)

(services)

on full assessment, the temples ceased to be Muzrai institutions The successors in title to the original grantee who were in possession formerly as mere trustees, became full proprietors ~~as~~ as there were no temples and there were no sevas to be performed. If the temples or anyone on behalf of the temples wished to recover possession, they could only file a suit in a Civil Court where the ordinary rule of 12 years limitation would be applied. From the copies of the judgments now produced by the petr, Govt find that the question of proprietorship actually formed the subject of litigation, that the Chief Court (T.R.A. Thumboochetty and P.N. Krishnamurti JJ) in Nov. 1893 affirmed the full proprietory rights of the successors of the original grantee and that the Dt Judge of Mysore in A.S. No 2 of 1894-95 declared that the petr was not a tenant under them, but had acquired an independent proprietory right by adverse possession. In these circumstances, the summary order of the 15th March 1906 (sought to be received) in the Muzrai Deptt

MGCPB—30,000—5-1-05.

ousting the person in actual possession
is, in the opinion of Govt erroneous
and passed without jurisdiction
The said order having also been based
on the supposition that the temples
and idols for which the inams were
originally granted were actually
in existence, while subsequent
investigation has shown that,
as a matter of fact, they are not in
existence, the Govt are pleased to
cancel the same and to direct that
the ~~status quo ante~~ be restored. The
lands will be reclassed as assessed
and the full assessment recovered
from petitioner Nanje Devaru from
the date of the said Order.

First

(?)
original Condition

By

for Secretary

To

The Dy Commr Mysore Dt
" Revenue Commr in Mysore
" Supdt of Inam Settlement in Mysore
" Comptr, Mysore Govt
2. Nanje Devaru, the Revised Petr
Govt Petr & two spare Rempts

Dy Sr

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Muzrai, dated 27th May 1910.

READ—

Government Proceedings Nos. 3932, 3932 A, 3932 B, dated 15th March 1906, restoring the inam tenure of the lands endowed to the Sri Anjaneya, Panduranga and Someswara temples built by Venkat Doss at Ganjam in the Seringapatam Taluk, and directing that Nanje Devaru who was in possession of the lands should give such annual gutta as may be reasonably fixed by the Deputy Commissioner.

Petition No. 2212, dated 24th October 1906, from Nanje Devaru praying for a review of the said Government order.

No. 2830-33—Muz. 50-04, dated Bangalore, 27th May 1910.

Order thereon.—The grounds for review are chiefly two, *viz.*, (1) that Government have on the false and ex-parte representation of certain interested persons who were unsuccessful in their attempts to dispossess petitioner Nanje Devaru through the Civil Courts, directed the restoration of the inam tenure of the land which had been resumed at the inam enquiry and fully assessed in 1879, and that in consequence of that order, the right to the lands which he had acquired by long adverse possession and which had been upheld by judicial adjudication has been unjustly interfered with; and (2) that the temples for the benefit of which the inams have been restored are not in existence.

2. The Government observe that the Inam tenure having been cancelled at the Inam Settlement and the lands ordered to be registered in the name of the temples, on full assessment, the temples ceased to be Muzrai institutions. The successors in title to the original grantee, who were in possession formerly as mere trustees, became full proprietors as there were no temples and there were no *sevas* (services) to be performed. If the temples or any one on behalf of the temples wished to recover possession, they could only file a suit in the Civil Court where the ordinary rule of 12 years' limitation would be applied. From the copies of the judgments now produced by the petitioner Government find that the question of proprietorship actually formed the subject of litigation, that the Chief Court (T. R. A. Thumboo Chetty and P. N. Krishna Moorthi, Judges) in November 1893, affirmed the full proprietory rights of the successors of the original grantee and that the District Judge of Mysore in A. S. No. 2 of 1894-1895 declared that the petitioner was not a tenant under them, but had acquired an independent proprietory right by adverse possession. In these circumstances, the summary order of the 15th March 1906 (sought to be reviewed) in the Muzrai Department ousting the person in actual possession is, in the opinion of Government, erroneous and passed without jurisdiction. The said order having also been based on the supposition that the temples and idols for which the inams were originally granted were actually in existence while subsequent investigation has shown that, as a matter of fact, they are not in existence, the Government are pleased to cancel the same and to direct that the original condition be restored. The lands will be reclassed as assessed and the full assessment recovered from petitioner Nanje Devaru from the date of the said order.

Offg. Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.
The Revenue Commissioner in Mysore.
The Superintendent of Inam Settlements in Mysore.
The Comptroller, Mysore Government.

Exd.—C. V.

1909-10

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS
THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE

MUZRAI

PROCEEDINGS

Dated 27th May 1910

No. 2830-33
Muz. 50-04

Cancelling Government Proceedings Nos. 3932, 3932A, 3932B, dated 15th March 1906, and directing that the lands which had been converted into inam should be reclassed as assessed and full assessment recovered from Nanje Devaru, the previous holder.

GPB—8-6-10—200

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Muzrai, dated 27th May 1910.

READ—

Government Proceedings Nos. 3932, 3932 A, 3932 B, dated 15th March 1906, restoring the inam tenure of the lands endowed to the Sri Anjaneya, Panduranga and Someswara temples built by Venkat Doss at Ganjam in the Seringapatam Taluk, and directing that Nanje Devaru who was in possession of the lands should give such annual gutta as may be reasonably fixed by the Deputy Commissioner.

Petition No. 2212, dated 24th October 1906, from Nanje Devaru praying for a review of the said Government order.

No. 2830-33—Muz. 50-04, dated Bangalore, 27th May 1910.

Order thereon.—The grounds for review are chiefly two, *viz.*, (1) that Government have on the false and ex-parte representation of certain interested persons who were unsuccessful in their attempts to dispossess petitioner Nanje Devaru through the Civil Courts, directed the restoration of the inam tenure of the land which had been resumed at the inam enquiry and fully assessed in 1879, and that in consequence of that order, the right to the lands which he had acquired by long adverse possession and which had been upheld by judicial adjudication has been unjustly interfered with; and (2) that the temples for the benefit of which the inams have been restored are not in existence.

2. The Government observe that the Inam tenure having been cancelled at the Inam Settlement and the lands ordered to be registered in the name of the temples, on full assessment, the temples ceased to be Muzrai institutions. The successors in title to the original grantee, who were in possession formerly as mere trustees, became full proprietors as there were no temples and there were no *sevas* (services) to be performed. If the temples or any one on behalf of the temples wished to recover possession, they could only file a suit in the Civil Court where the ordinary rule of 12 years' limitation would be applied. From the copies of the judgments now produced by the petitioner Government find that the question of proprietorship actually formed the subject of litigation, that the Chief Court (T. R. A. Thumboo Chetty and P. N. Krishna Moorthi, Judges) in November 1893, affirmed the full proprietory rights of the successors of the original grantee and that the District Judge of Mysore in A. S. No. 2 of 1894-1895 declared that the petitioner was not a tenant under them, but had acquired an independent proprietory right by adverse possession. In these circumstances, the summary order of the 15th March 1906 (sought to be reviewed) in the Muzrai Department ousting the person in actual possession is, in the opinion of Government, erroneous and passed without jurisdiction. The said order having also been based on the supposition that the temples and idols for which the inams were originally granted were actually in existence while subsequent investigation has shown that, as a matter of fact, they are not in existence, the Government are pleased to cancel the same and to direct that the original condition be restored. The lands will be reclassed as assessed and the full assessment recovered from petitioner Nanje Devaru from the date of the said order.

Offg. Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.
The Revenue Commissioner in Mysore.
The Superintendent of Inam Settlements in Mysore.
The Comptroller, Mysore Government.

Exd.—C. V.

1909-10

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS
THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE

MUZRAI

PROCEEDINGS

Dated 27th May 1910

No. 2830-33

Cancelling Government Proceedings Nos. 3932, 3932A, 3932B, dated 15th March 1906, and directing that the lands which had been converted into inam should be reclassed as assessed and full assessment recovered from Nanje Devaru, the previous holder.

GPB—8-6-10—200

ಸಾಕ್ಷಿದಾರರು ಸಹಿ ಮಾಡಿದ ಮೇಲೆ ಅವರು ಹೆಬ್ಬೆರಳು ಗುರುತು ಮಾಡಿದರೆ ಅದನ್ನು ಸಹ ಸಹಿ ಎಂದೇ ಪರಿಗಣಿಸಲಾಗುವುದು.

ಸಾಕ್ಷಿದಾರರು ಅಕ್ಷರಸ್ಥರಾಗಿದ್ದಲ್ಲಿ ಅವರು ಸಹಿ ಮಾಡಿದರೆಯೇ ಅದು ಸಾಕ್ಷ್ಯವೆನಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತದೆ.

~~ಸಹಿ ಅಥವಾ ಹೆಬ್ಬೆರಳು ಗುರುತು~~

1906ನೇ ಸಾಲಿನ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸಾಕ್ಷ್ಯ ಕಾಯ್ದೆಯ 3932 ಎ, 3932 ಬಿ ನೇ ನಿಯಮಗಳನ್ವಯ ಸಾಕ್ಷಿದಾರರನ್ನು ಪರಿಚಯ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳಲು ಅವಕಾಶ ಕಲ್ಪಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಸಾಕ್ಷಿದಾರರು ಯಾರೆಂಬುದು ಪಕ್ಷಗಾರರಿಗೆ ತಿಳಿದಿರಬೇಕು, ಅವರು ಅಪರಿಚಿತರಾಗಿದ್ದಲ್ಲಿ ಅವರನ್ನು ಪರಿಚಯ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳಲು ಪಕ್ಷಗಾರರಿಗೆ ಅವಕಾಶ ನೀಡಬೇಕು. ಸಾಕ್ಷಿದಾರರು ಪರಿಚಿತರಾಗಿದ್ದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಥವಾ ಪರಿಚಯ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಂಡ ನಂತರ ಅವರು ಸಾಕ್ಷ್ಯ ಹೇಳಲು ಪ್ರಾರಂಭಿಸುವ ಮೊದಲು ಅವರಿಗೆ ಪ್ರಮಾಣ ಮಾಡಿಸಬೇಕು. ಪ್ರಮಾಣ ಮಾಡಿಸುವ ಮೊದಲು ಅವರಿಗೆ ಸತ್ಯ ಹೇಳಲು ಪ್ರೇರೇಪಿಸಲು ಅವರಿಗೆ ಸತ್ಯ ಹೇಳದಿದ್ದಲ್ಲಿ ಅವರಿಗೆ ಶಿಕ್ಷೆಯಾಗುವ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಎಚ್ಚರಿಕೆ ನೀಡಬೇಕು. ಸಾಕ್ಷಿದಾರರು ಸಾಕ್ಷ್ಯ ಹೇಳಲು ಪ್ರಾರಂಭಿಸಿದ ನಂತರ ಅವರು ಹೇಳಿದ ಸಾಕ್ಷ್ಯವನ್ನು ಪಕ್ಷಗಾರರು ಅಥವಾ ಅವರ ವಕೀಲರು ಅಡ್ಡ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಕೇಳಲು ಅವಕಾಶ ನೀಡಬೇಕು. ಅಡ್ಡ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿದ ನಂತರ ಅವರು ಹೇಳಿದ ಸಾಕ್ಷ್ಯವನ್ನು ಅವರಿಗೆ ಓದಿ ಹೇಳಿ ಅವರು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದು ಸರಿಯಾಗಿದೆಯೆಂದು ಖಚಿತಪಡಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ಅವರಿಂದ ಸಹಿ ಪಡೆಯಬೇಕು. ಸಾಕ್ಷಿದಾರರು ಅಕ್ಷರಸ್ಥರಾಗಿದ್ದಲ್ಲಿ ಅವರು ಸಹಿ ಮಾಡಿದರೆಯೇ ಅದು ಸಾಕ್ಷ್ಯವೆನಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತದೆ.

G.R.S. 27]

GENERAL AND REVENUE
SECRETARIAT.

(Continuation Sheet this side form.)

MGCPB—30,000—5-1-05.

G.R.S. 27]

GENERAL AND REVENUE
SECRETARIAT.

(*Continuation Sheet draft form.*)

D 228

1909-1910 - - 190

From The Superintendent of Settlements in Mysore

To The Secretary to the Govern-ment of His Highness the Maharajah of Mysore, Genl & Rev: Depts.

Dated 7th
Despatched 8th } June 1910.
Received

General No. 100
No.

Enclosure No. /

Forwards a copy of the Suppl. Struck off register No. 34 of Kiran-gur village, Sreerangapatam Taluk, Mysore District.

Main Superintendents' Office,

Dated, Bangalore 7th/8th June 1910

No. 100
Exe. one

From

The Superintendent of Main
Settlements in Mysore

To

The Secretary to the Government
of H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore
General and Revenue
Departments.

Sir,

With reference to the Government Pro. no:
2830 - 33
Muz 50 - 94 dated 27th May 1910, I have the
honor to forward herewith, a copy of the
Supplemental Struck off register no: 34
of Kiranguri Village, Srirangapatna Taluk,
Mysore District.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant

D Krishna Rao
Superintendent of
Settlements in

ngapatam TALUK, Mysore DISTRICT, ~~DIVISION.~~

ಜಮೀನಿನ ತಪಶೀಲ್			Total ಜುಮ್ಮಾ			Name of Inamdar, &c.	Remarks
Garden ಬಾಗಾಯತು							
Field No. ಜಮೀನಿನ ನಂ.	Extent ವಿಸ್ತಾರ	Assessment ಜೋಡಿಪು	Extent ವಿಸ್ತಾರ	Assessment ಜೋಡಿಪು	Former ಹಿಂದಿನ ಜೋಡಿಪು		
8			9	10	11	12	13
			K. K P	Rs a p		Ganjam 1. Anjaneya 2 Pandurangadevar Srirangapatam 3. Someswara devar.	Resumed & fully assessed. Vide Govt. Pros. no: 2830-33 Muz 50-94 dated 27th May 1910.
			3-4-13	4-11-6			
						Dt 3-6-1910.	

(Sd) D. Shamarao
Supt. of Inam Settls

"Copy"

D Shamarao
Superintendent of Inam Settlements in Mysore.

Office, Compd
1910.

REGISTER OF INAMS IN THE
ಇನಾಮಂಗಳ ರಿಜಿಸ್ಟರ್

MGLPB—500—23-9-04

General No. ಜನರಲ್ ನಂಬರು	Hobli, sammat or magani ಹೋಬಳಿ ಅಥವಾ ಮಗಣಿ	VILLAGE ಗ್ರಾಮ	Case No. ಕೇಸ್ ನಂಬರ್	Description of Inam ಇನಾಮಿನ ತರಹ	Particulars of land					
					Dry ಮುಸ್ರಿ			Wet ತರಿ		
					Field No. ಜಮೀನಿನ ನಂ.	Extent ವಿಸ್ತಾರ	Assessment ಜೋಡಿಸು	Field No. ಜಮೀನಿನ ನಂ	Extent ವಿಸ್ತಾರ	Assessment ಜೋಡಿಸು
1	2	3	4	5	6			7		

TALUK, ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು, DISTRICT, ಡಿಸ್ಟ್ರಿಕ್ಟ್, DIVISION. ಡಿವಿಜ್ಞ.

ಜಮೀನಿನ ತಪಶೀಲ್			Total ಜಮ್ಮಾ				
Garden ಬಾಗಾಯತು							
Field No. ಜಮೀನಿನ ನಂ.	Extent ವಿಸ್ತೀರ್ಣ	Assessment ಜೇರೀಜು	Extent ವಿಸ್ತೀರ್ಣ	Assessment ಜೇರೀಜು	Former jodi ಸಾಬಿಕ ಜೋಡಿ	Name of inamdar, &c. ಇನಾಂದಾರ್ರ ಹೆಸರು	Remarks ಷರಾ
8			9	10	11	12	13

Supplemental Struck off Register

of

Nangapatam Taluk

Supplemental REGISTER OF INAMS Struck off IN THE
ಇನಾಂಗಳ ರಿಜಿಸ್ಟ್ರರ್

MGLPB—500—23-9-04

General No. ಜನರಲ್ ನಂಬರು	Hobli, sammat or nagani ಹೋಬಳಿ ತಪ್ಪಲಾ ನಾಗಣಿ	VILLAGE ಗ್ರಾಮ	Case No. ಕೇಸ್ ನಂಬರ್	Description of Inam ಇನಾಮಿನ ವಿವರ	Particulars of land					
					Dry ಮುಸ್ರಿ			Wet ತರಿ		
					Field No. ಪಹಣಿಯ ನಂ.	Extent ವಿಸ್ತಾರ	Assessment ಜೋಡಿಸು	Field No. ಪಹಣಿಯ ನಂ	Extent ವಿಸ್ತಾರ	Assessment ಜೋಡಿಸು
1	2	3	4	5	6			7		
34	Kurangur	Kurangur	T. D. no: 642 case no: 2	Devadaya				26 and 30	K. K. P 3-4-13	Rap 4-11-6

As per Survey

		A	G.	Rs	a	p
Wet	472	2	21	20	0	0
	473	2	20	20	0	0
	476	2	18	20	0	0
		7	19	60	0	0

Inam Super
Dated Bang

g

VII 10(a) 24 570

1909-10 D 2180

From M. Kantaraj Urs Esqr: B.A.
Deputy Commissioner
Mysore District

To C. S. Balasundaram Iyer Esqr: B.A
Offg: Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,
Genl. and Rev: Depart: Mysore Branch

Dated

Despatched 23rd May 1910

Received

General No. 520
No.

Enclosure No. 1 file

Requests that final orders may be passed early re the resumption of certain lands in the Srirangapatam Taluk from the possession of Raja Devaru.

VII A.S.
No matter has been decided - after viewing orders, continue note
submit.
26/5/1910

26/5/1910

No. 520
Enc. No. 1file

OFFICE OF THE Deputy Commissioner
MYSORE DISTRICT,
Dated Mysore Camp 23rd May 1910.

To
C. S. Balasundaram Iyer Esq., B.A.
Offg SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT
OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE,
GENERAL AND REVENUE DEPARTMENTS.
Mujrai Branch

Sir,

Adverting to your docket No. 3257 dated 22nd December 1906 directing to issue needful instructions to the local officers to stay the execution of the Government Proceedings No. 3952-A&B dated 15th March 1906 regarding the resumption of certain lands in the Seringapatam Taluk from the possession of Nanje Devaru and the restoration thereof to the Sri Panduranga, Someswara and Anjaneya temples at Ganjam pending the disposal of the

Review

Review Petition of Nanje Devaru, I have the honor to submit herewith the file of vernacular records ending with the Sub divisional officer's yadast No. $\frac{250}{725}$ dated 9th March 1910 and to state as follows:—

As directed in the above docket the Amildar of the Srirangapatam Taluk was directed to take the needful action and report and he now reports that no adequate Security was taken from Nanje Devaru regarding the crops on Survey Nos 472 and 473. The Sub Divisional Officer has been requested to enquire into the matter and submit a report together with the explanations of the persons at fault.

(Hag 3)

On the petition of one Annasawmi Ramanuja Ayngar, the Amildar of the S. Taluk

Taluk was called upon to report if the allegation that Nanjedevaru had hypothecated the temple lands along with his private lands and was intending to sell them was true. He now states that Nanje Devaru has admitted that the temple lands and some of his private lands have been hypothecated to Mr. Ramaswamiah late Government advocate. (Hag 4

He further states that the quit-rent at Rs 7-8-0 per annum for Parabhava, Plavanga, Keelaka and Sowmya due to Government is still in arrears and solicits instructions as to whether the Government dues may be recovered from Nanje Devaru or not or until final orders of Government are passed on the previous petition of Nanje Devaru. (Hag X

As Nanje Devaru does not deserve any concession, I request that final orders may be passed early.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
your most obedient servant
R[illegible]

Muz. 1]

2180

190

From

2/6/1(S.J.)Mm

To

The Dy Commr
Mysore Dist

Dated

Despatched

Received

General No.

No.

Enclosure No.

Adverting to his Letter no 520 Dy 23d may 1910 soliciting instructions in the matter of the recovery pending the renewal petition of Ranje Devaru, of Govt dues from the Lands resumed from Pandranga and two other Temples at Ganjam, Srirangapatna, Tq. has the honr to invite his attention to G.O. no 2830-33 Revg 30-96 Dy 27th may 1910 ~~to which~~

C P L—3,000—19-9-07

61
3/6

passing
final orders ~~of [illegible] have~~
in the matter.
~~been passed in the case~~

2) The encls. are herewith returned

By order,

DG 2/6/1910

2/6/10 Secretary.